

# **PTC thermistors**

Limit temperature sensors, SMD, EIA size 0603, ±3 °C tolerance

Series/Type: B59601 Date: July 2006

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#### Limit temperature sensors, EIA size 0603, ±3 °C tolerance

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#### SMD

#### Applications

- DC/DC converters
- Home appliances
- Dimmers

SMPS

Features

terminations

Close tolerance

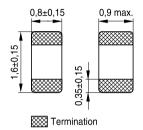
Steep R/T curveRoHS-compatible

Small size

- Electronic ballasts
- Temperature management in automotive electronics
- Over temperature protection of power transistors and power ICs (e.g. in battery pack, notebook)

Thermistor chip with lead-free tinned

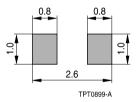
#### **Dimensional drawing**



TPT0698-5-E

#### Dimensions in mm

### Geometry of solder pad



Recommended maximum dimensions (mm)

Options	
Other T <sub>NTT</sub> values on reque	st

except T<sub>NTT</sub> = 135 °C

Lead-free (total Pb content <0.1%),</p>

Fast and reliable responseSuitable for reflow soldering

#### **Delivery mode**

Blister tape, 180-mm reel

# General technical data

Max. operating voltage	$(T_A = -40 \ ^{\circ}C \ \ T_{NTT} + 15 \ K)$	$V_{\text{max}}$	32	VDC
Rated resistance	(T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C)	R <sub>R</sub>	470	Ω
Tolerance of R <sub>R</sub>		$\Delta R_R$	±50	%
Operating temperature range	$(V \le V_{max})$	T <sub>op</sub>	$-40/T_{\text{NTT}}+15~\text{K}$	°C



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# Electrical specifications and ordering codes

T <sub>NTT</sub>	R	R	R	Ordering code
	(T <sub>NTT</sub> – 3 K)	(T <sub>NTT</sub> + 3 K)	(T <sub>NTT</sub> + 10 K)	
	(V <sub>PTC</sub> ≤ 2.5 V)	(V <sub>PTC</sub> ≤2.5 V)	(Vptc ≤ 7.5 V)	
°C	kΩ	kΩ	kΩ	
75	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	-	B59601A0075B062
85	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 15	B59601A0085B062
95	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0095B062
105	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0105B062
115	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0115B062
125	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0125B062
135	≤ 4.7	≥ 4.7	≥ 40	B59601A0135B062



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# Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V <sub>max</sub>	< 25%
constant at 85 °C		T = 85 °C	
		Test duration : 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_{LCT} = -25 \text{ °C}, T_{UCT} = 125 \text{ °C}$	< 10%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency: 10 - 55 - 10 Hz	< 5%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: 3 · 2 h	
		Test according to IEC 60028-2-6, Test Fc	
Bump	IEC 60738-1	Pulse shape: half-sine	< 5%
		Acceleration: 50 g	
		Pulse duration: 1 ms; 6 · 3 pulses	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-29	
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: T <sub>UCT</sub> = 125 °C	< 10%
		Test duration: 16 h	
		Damp heat first cycle	
		Cold: $T_{LCT} = -25 \ ^{\circ}C$	
		Test duration: 2 h	
		Damp heat 5 cycles	
		Tests performed according to	
		IEC 60068-2-30	
Adhesive strength on		Shearing of the component soldered on	No visible
PCB		PCB by a force of 5 N is normal to	damage
		components longitudinal axis	



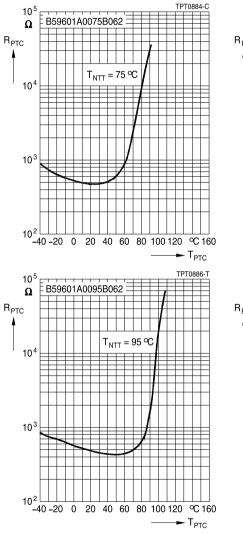
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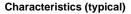
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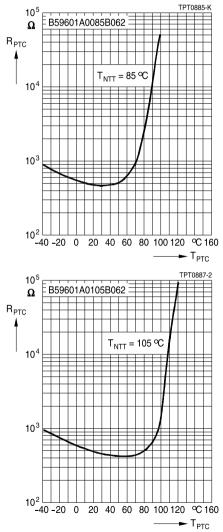
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#### **Characteristics (typical)**

PTC resistance  $R_{PTC}$  versus PTC temperature  $T_{PTC}$ (measured at low signal voltage)





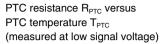


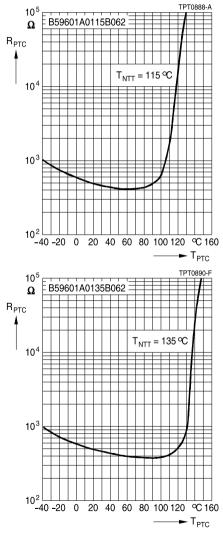


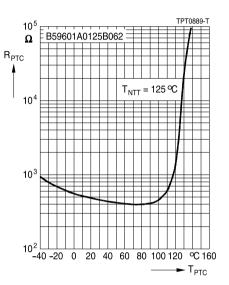
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#### Cautions and warnings

#### General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

#### Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within 6 months after delivery.

#### Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

#### Soldering

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.

#### Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.



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#### Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions.Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).



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