



Metallized Polyester Capacitors (MKT)

Series/Type: B32559

The following products presented in this data sheet are being withdrawn.

Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B32559C8102M489		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102M389		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102M289		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15



Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B32559C8102M189		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102M001		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102M000		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102K489		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102K389		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102K289		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102K189		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102K001		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102K000		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102J489		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102J389		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102J289		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102J189		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102J001		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15
B32559C8102J000		2017-06-09	2017-09-15	2017-12-15

For further information please contact your nearest EPCOS sales office, which will also support you in selecting a suitable substitute. The addresses of our worldwide sales network are presented at www.epcos.com/sales.

Compact design (stacked)

Typical applications

- Energy saving lamps

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 125 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 55/125/56

Construction

- Dielectric: polyethylene terephthalate (polyester, PET)
- Stacked-film technology
- Heat shrinkable tube
- standard types B32559C*: polyester 100 µm, 125 °C

Features

- Very small dimensions
- Self-healing properties
- High pulse strength

Terminals

- Lead spacing 5.0 mm
- Crimped wire leads, lead-free tinned, lead length (6 – 1) mm
- Straight wire leads, lead-free tinned, lead length (6 – 1) mm
- Special lead length available on request

Marking

Manufacturer's logo, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage, date of manufacture (coded)

Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)

Taped (Ammo pack or reel)

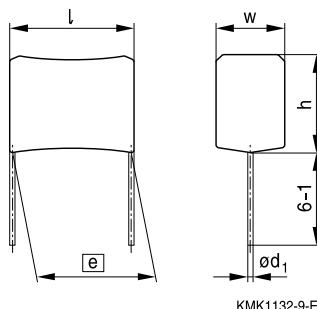
For notes on taping, refer to chapter "Taping and packing".

Detail specifications

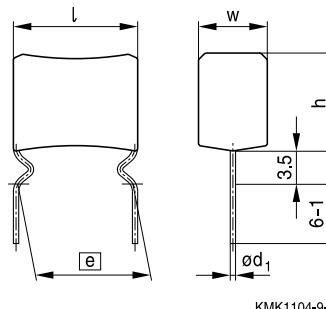
Homologated to IEC 60384-2

Dimensional drawing

Straight leads



Crimped leads

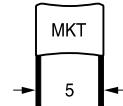


Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing e ±0.4	Lead diameter d ₁
5.0	0.5

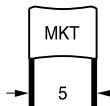
B32559C

Compact design (stacked)



Overview of available types

Lead spacing	5.0 mm				
Type	B32559C				
Lead configuration	straight / crimped				
Page	4				
V_R (V DC)	63	100	250	400	630
V_{RMS} (V AC)	40	63	160	200	400
C_R (μ F)					
0.0010					
0.0015					
0.0022					
0.0027					
0.0033					
0.0047					
0.0068					
0.0082					
0.010					
0.012					
0.015					
0.022					
0.027					
0.033					
0.047					
0.056					
0.068					
0.10					
0.12					
0.15					
0.22					
0.33					
0.47					
0.68					
1.0					



B32559C

Compact design (stacked)

Ordering codes and packing units

V_R V DC	V_{RMS} $f \leq 60$ Hz V AC	C_R μF	Max. dimensions w x h x l mm	Ordering code (composition see below)	Ammo pack pcs./MOQ	Reel pcs./MOQ	Untaped pcs./MOQ
63	40	0.22	3.0 x 6.5 x 7.0	B32559C0224+***	11200	9600	10000
		0.33	3.0 x 6.5 x 7.0	B32559C0334+***	12000	10400	10000
		0.47	3.5 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C0474+***	12000	10400	10000
		0.68	3.5 x 8.5 x 7.0	B32559C0684+***	9200	7600	8000
		1.0	4.0 x 10.5 x 7.0	B32559C0105+***	9200	7600	8000
100	63	0.033	3.0 x 6.5 x 7.0	B32559C1333+***	12000	10400	12000
		0.047	3.0 x 6.5 x 7.0	B32559C1473+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.056	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C1563+***	12000	10400	12000
		0.068	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C1683+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.10	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C1104+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.12	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C1124+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.15	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C1154+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.22	3.5 x 8.5 x 7.0	B32559C1224+***	11600	10000	12000
		0.33	3.5 x 8.5 x 7.0	B32559C1334+***	11600	10000	12000
		0.47	3.5 x 9.0 x 7.0	B32559C1474+***	10000	8400	10000
250	160	0.022	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C3223+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.027	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C3273+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.033	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C3333+***	12000	10400	12000
		0.047	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C3473+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.056	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C3563+***	10800	9200	1000
		0.068	3.5 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C3683+***	10800	9200	1000
		0.10	3.5 x 9.0 x 7.0	B32559C3104+***	12000	10400	8000
		0.12	4.5 x 9.0 x 7.0	B32559C3124+***	7200	5800	8000
		0.15	4.5 x 10.0 x 7.0	B32559C3154+***	7200	5600	8000

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

M = $\pm 20\%$ K = $\pm 10\%$ J = $\pm 5\%$

*** = Packaging code:

489 = Ammo pack straight

389 = Reel straight

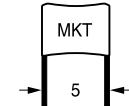
289 = Ammo pack crimped

189 = Reel crimped

000 = Untaped crimped (lead length 6 – 1 mm)

001 = Untaped (lead length 6 – 1 mm)

					B32559C
Compact design (stacked)					



Ordering codes and packing units

V_R V DC	V_{RMS} $f \leq 60$ Hz V AC	C_R μF	Max. dimensions w x h x l mm	Ordering code (composition see below)	Ammo pack pcs./MOQ	Reel pcs./MOQ	Untaped pcs./MOQ
400	200	0.0068	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C6682+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.0082	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C6822+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.010	3.0 x 7.5 x 7.0	B32559C6103+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.012	3.0 x 7.5 x 7.0	B32559C6123+***	12000	10400	12000
		0.015	3.0 x 7.5 x 7.0	B32559C6153+***	11200	9600	12000
		0.022	3.0 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C6223+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.027	3.0 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C6273+***	10800	9200	11200
		0.033	3.5 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C6333+***	9200	7600	10000
		0.047	3.5 x 9.5 x 7.0	B32559C6473+***	9200	7600	8000
		0.056	4.0 x 10.0 x 7.0	B32559C6563+***	8000	6400	6000
		0.068	5.0 x 10.0 x 7.0	B32559C6683+***	7200	5600	7200
		0.10	5.5 x 12.5 x 7.0	B32559C6104+***	6000	4400	7200
		0.12	5.5 x 13.0 x 7.0	B32559C6124+***	6000	4400	4800
630	400	0.0010	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C8102+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.0015	3.0 x 7.0 x 7.0	B32559C8152+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.0022	3.0 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C8222+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.0027	3.0 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C8272+***	12800	11200	12000
		0.0033	3.5 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C8332+***	10000	8400	8000
		0.0047	3.5 x 8.0 x 7.0	B32559C8472+***	12000	10400	8000
		0.0068	3.5 x 10.5 x 7.0	B32559C8682+***	12000	10400	8000
		0.0082	3.5 x 10.5 x 7.0	B32559C8822+***	12000	10400	8000
		0.010	4.0 x 10.5 x 7.0	B32559C8103+***	9200	7600	8800

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

M = $\pm 20\%$

K = $\pm 10\%$

J = $\pm 5\%$

*** = Packaging code:

489 = Ammo pack straight

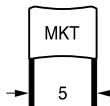
389 = Reel straight

289 = Ammo pack crimped

189 = Reel crimped

000 = Untaped crimped (lead length 6 – 1 mm)

001 = Untaped (lead length 6 – 1 mm)



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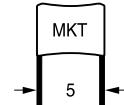
Compact design (stacked)

Technical data

Operating temperature range	Max. operating temperature $T_{op,max}$ Upper category temperature T_{max} Lower category temperature T_{min} Rated temperature T_R	+125 °C +125 °C -55 °C +85 °C
Dissipation factor $\tan \delta$ (in 10^{-3}) at 20 °C (upper limit values)	at $C_R \leq 0.1 \mu\text{F}$	$0.1 \mu\text{F} < C_R \leq 1 \mu\text{F}$
	1 kHz 8	10
	10 kHz 15	20
	100 kHz 30	-
Insulation resistance R_{ins} or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$ at 20 °C, rel. humidity ≤ 65% (minimum as-delivered values)	V_R	$C_R \leq 0.33 \mu\text{F}$
	≤ 100 V DC	3750 MΩ
	≥ 250 V DC	7500 MΩ
DC test voltage	1.4 · V_R , 2 s	
Category voltage V_C (continuous operation with V_{DC} or V_{AC} at $f \leq 60$ Hz)	T_A (°C)	DC voltage derating
	$T_A \leq 85$ $85 < T_A \leq 125$	$V_C = V_R$ $V_C = V_R \cdot (165 - T_A)/80$
Operating voltage V_{op} for short operating periods (V_{DC} or V_{AC} at $f \leq 60$ Hz)	T_A (°C)	DC voltage (max. hours)
	$T_A \leq 100$	$V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_C$ (2000 h)
	$100 < T_A \leq 125$	$V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_C$ (1000 h)
Damp heat test Limit values after damp heat test	56 days/40 °C/93% relative humidity	
	Capacitance change $ \Delta C/C $	
	$\leq 5\%$	
	Dissipation factor change $\Delta \tan \delta$	
	$\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (at 1 kHz)	
Reliability: Failure rate λ Service life t_{SL}	Insulation resistance R_{ins} or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$	
	$\geq 50\%$ of minimum as-delivered values	
	1 fit ($\leq 1 \cdot 10^{-9}/\text{h}$) at $0.5 \cdot V_R$, 40 °C	
	200 000 h at $1.0 \cdot V_R$, 85 °C	
	For conversion to other operating conditions and temperatures, refer to chapter "Quality, 2 Reliability".	
Failure criteria: Total failure Failure due to variation of parameters	Short circuit or open circuit	
	Capacitance change $ \Delta C/C $	
	$> 10\%$	
	Dissipation factor $\tan \delta$	
	$> 2 \cdot$ upper limit value	
Soldering conditions	Insulation resistance R_{ins}	
	$< 150 \text{ M}\Omega$ ($C_R \leq 0.33 \mu\text{F}$)	
or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$		
Soldering conditions	Maximum solder bath temperature	260 °C
	Maximum soldering time	4 s

B32559C

Compact design (stacked)



Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in V/μs.

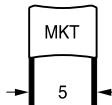
" k_0 " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in V²/μs.

Note:

The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt and k_0 values

V_R (V DC)	V_{RMS} (V AC)	dV/dt in V/μs	k_0 in V ² /μs
63	40	250	30 000
100	63	300	60 000
250	160	400	200 000
400	200	600	500 000
630	400	800	1 000 000

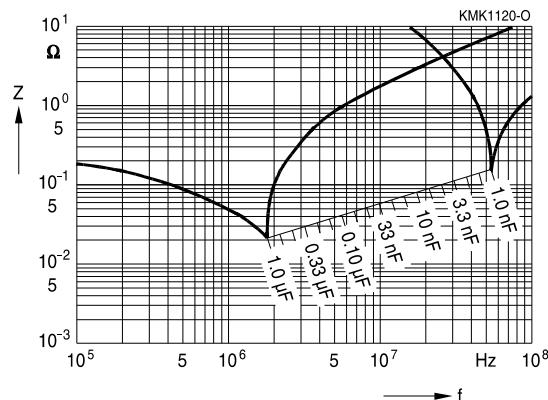


B32559C

Compact design (stacked)

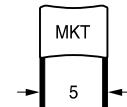
Impedance Z versus frequency f

(typical values)

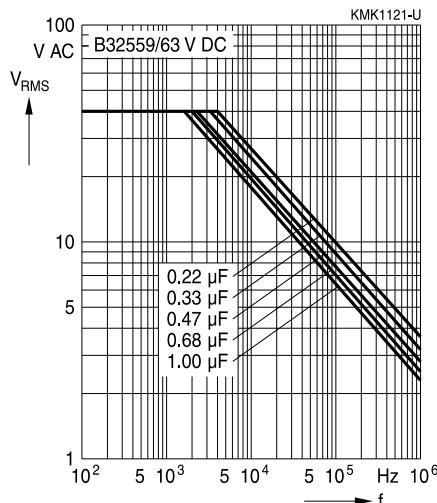


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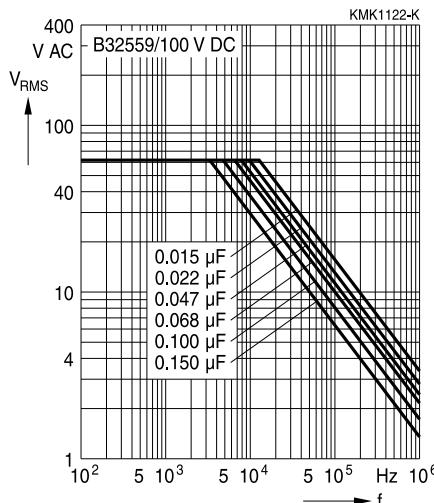
Compact design (stacked)


Permissible AC voltage V_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms, $T_A \leq 55^\circ C$)
For $T_A > 55^\circ C$, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.
Lead spacing 5 mm

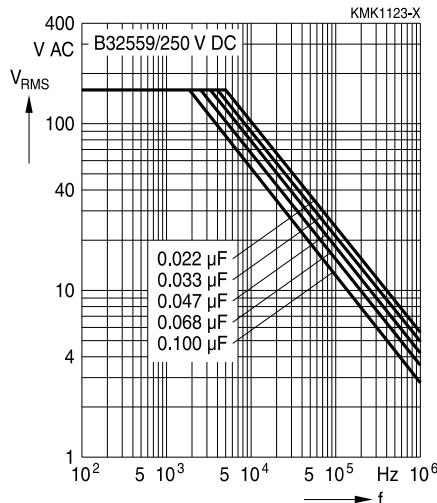
63 V DC/40 V AC



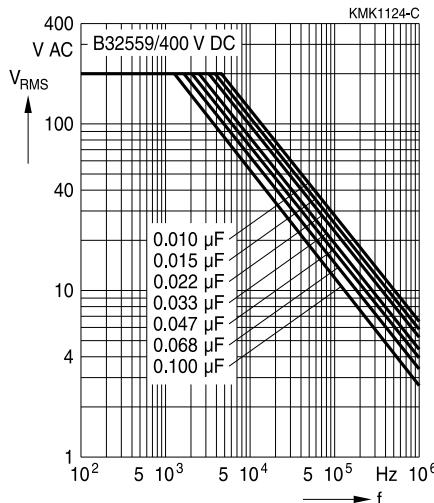
100 V DC/63 V AC

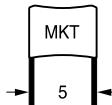


250 V DC/160 V AC



400 V DC/200 V AC



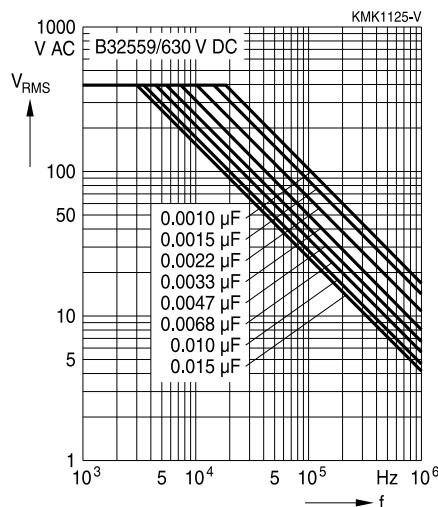


B32559C

Compact design (stacked)

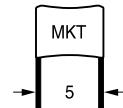
Permissible AC voltage V_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms, $T_A \leq 55^\circ C$)For $T_A > 55^\circ C$, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.**Lead spacing 5 mm**

630 V DC/400 V AC



B32559C

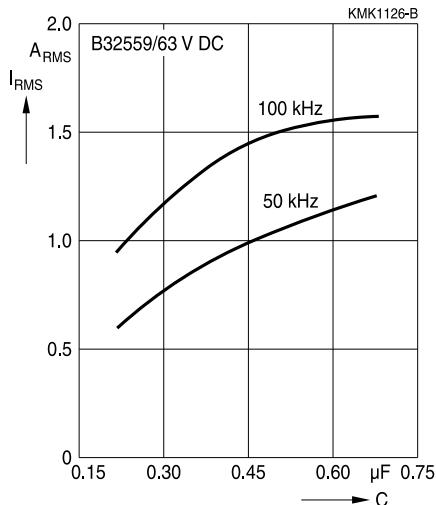
Compact design (stacked)



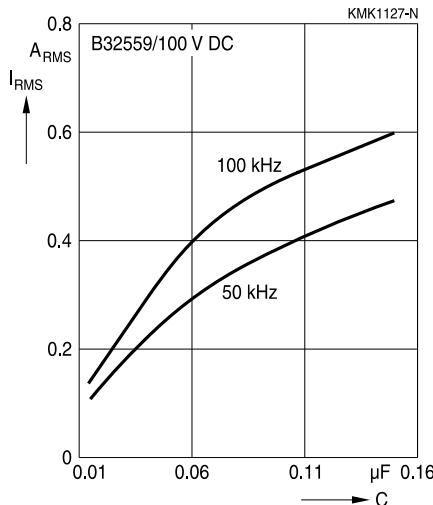
Permissible AC current I_{RMS} versus frequency f

Lead spacing 5 mm

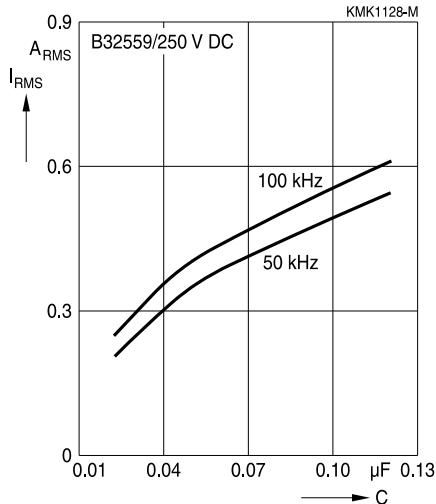
63 V DC/40 V AC



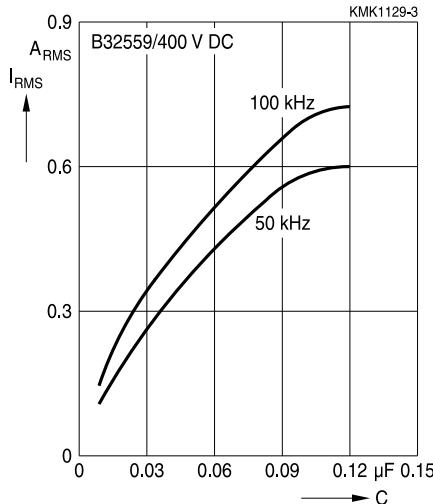
100 V DC/63 V AC

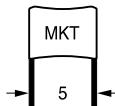


250 V DC/160 V AC



400 V DC/200 V AC



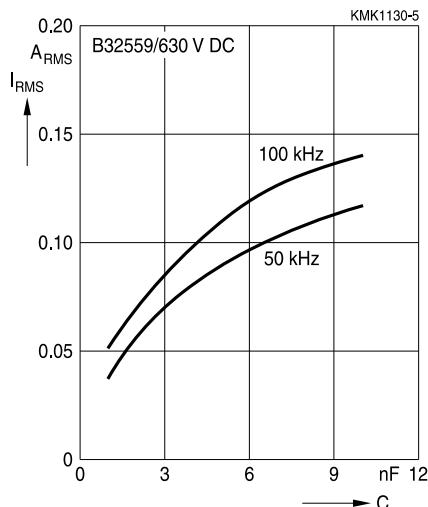


B32559C

Compact design (stacked)

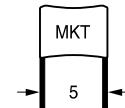
Permissible AC current I_{RMS} versus frequency f **Lead spacing 5 mm**

630 V DC/400 V AC



B32559C

Compact design (stacked)



Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

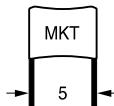
Solder bath temperature	235 ± 5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ± 0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 $+0/-0.5$ mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder $\geq 90\%$, free-flowing solder

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A.

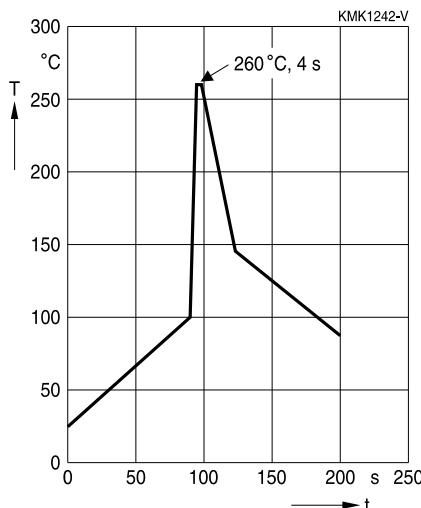
Conditions:

Series	Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT boxed (except 2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2 mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)	260 ± 5 °C	10 ± 1 s
MFP		
MKP (lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT boxed (case 2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2 mm)		5 ± 1 s
MKP (lead spacing \leq 7.5 mm)		< 4 s
MKT uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) insulated (B32559)		recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing \leq 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)

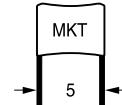


B32559C

Compact design (stacked)



Immersion depth	2.0 +0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 ±0.5) mm thick, between capacitor body and liquid solder
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	No visible damage
$\Delta C/C_0$	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP
$\tan \delta$	5% for EMI suppression capacitors
	As specified in sectional specification



1.3 General notes on soldering

Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

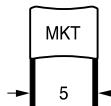
EPCOS recommends the following conditions:

- Pre-heating with a maximum temperature of 110 °C
- Temperature inside the capacitor should not exceed the following limits:
 - MKP/MFP 110 °C
 - MKT 160 °C
- When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the leaded film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.
- Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

Uncoated capacitors

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings ≤ 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering



B32559C

Compact design (stacked)

2 Cleaning

To determine whether the following solvents, often used to remove flux residues and other substances, are suitable for the capacitors described, refer to the table below:

Type	Ethanol, isopropanol, n-propanol	n-propanol-water mixtures, water with surface tension-reducing tensides (neutral)	Solvent from table A (see next page)	Solvent from table B (see next page)
MKT (uncoated)	Suitable	Unsuitable	In part suitable	Unsuitable
MKT, MKP, MFP (coated/boxed)		Suitable	Suitable	

Even when suitable solvents are used, a reversible change of the electrical characteristics may occur in uncoated capacitors immediately after they are washed. Thus it is always recommended to dry the components (e.g. 4 h at 70 °C) before they are subjected to subsequent electrical testing.

Table A

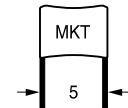
Manufacturers' designations for trifluoro-trichloro-ethane-based cleaning solvents (selection)

Trifluoro-trichloro-ethane	Mixtures of trifluoro-trichloro-ethane with ethanol and isopropanol	Manufacturer
Freon TF	Freon TE 35; Freon TP 35; Freon TES	Du Pont
Frigen 113 TR	Frigen 113 TR-E; Frigen 113 TR-P; Frigen TR-E 35	Hoechst
Arkclone P	Arkclone A; Arkclone L; Arkclone K	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDR	Kaltron 113 MDA; Kaltron 113 MDI; Kaltron 113 MDI 35	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113	Flugene 113 E; Flugene 113 IPA	Rhone-Progil

Table B (worldwide banned substances)

Manufacturers' designations for unsuitable cleaning solvents (selection)

Mixtures of chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones with fluorinated hydrocarbons	Manufacturer
Freon TMC; Freon TA; Freon TC	Du Pont
Arkclone E	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDD; Kaltron 113 MDK	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113 CM	Rhone-Progil



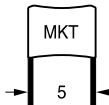
3 Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies

In many applications, finished circuit assemblies are embedded in plastic resins. In this case, both chemical and thermal influences of the embedding ("potting") and curing processes must be taken into account.

Our experience has shown that the following potting materials can be recommended: non-flexible epoxy resins with acid-anhydride hardeners; chemically inert, non-conducting fillers; maximum curing temperature of 100 °C.

Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!



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Compact design (stacked)

Cautions and warnings

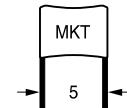
- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

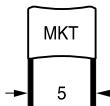
Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"

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Compact design (stacked)



Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"

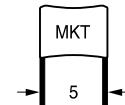


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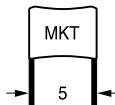
Compact design (stacked)

Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α_c	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
A	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
β_c	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
C	Capacitance	Kapazität
C_R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
$\Delta C/C$	Relative capacitance change (relative deviation of actual value)	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation from rated capacitance)	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall
ΔT	Absolute temperature change (self-heating)	Absolute Temperaturänderung (Selbsterwärmung)
$\Delta \tan \delta$	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate of voltage rise)	Differentielle Spannungsänderung (Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f_1	Frequency limit for reducing permissible AC voltage due to thermal limits	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte Reduzierung der zulässigen Wechselspannung
f_2	Frequency limit for reducing permissible AC voltage due to current limit	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte Reduzierung der zulässigen Wechselspannung
f_r	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F_D	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion
F_T	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I_c	Category current (max. continuous current)	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)



Symbol	English	German
I_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
i_z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k_0	Pulse characteristic	ImpulsKennwert
L_s	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λ_0	Constant failure rate during useful service life	Konstante Ausfallrate in der Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P_{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des Entladekreises
R_i	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R_{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R_p	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
R_s	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
T	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
$\tan \delta$	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
$\tan \delta_D$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
$\tan \delta_p$	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlustfaktors
$\tan \delta_s$	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T_A	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T_{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T_{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t_{OL}	Operating life at operating temperature and voltage	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und -spannung
T_{op}	Operating temperature	Betriebstemperatur
T_R	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T_{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t_{SL}	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer
V_{AC}	AC voltage	Wechselspannung



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Compact design (stacked)

Symbol	English	German
V_c	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{c,RMS}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige) Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V_{CD}	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlad-Einsatzspannung
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V_{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
V_i	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
V_o	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V_p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage	Spannungshub
V_R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
\hat{V}_R	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
V_{SC}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V_{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
$[e]$	Lead spacing	Rastermaß

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The following applies to all products named in this publication:

1. Some parts of this publication contain **statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application**. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that **such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application**. As a rule we are either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether a product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
2. We also point out that **in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified**. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
3. **The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.**
4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, **some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous)**. Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, **the products described in this publication may change from time to time**. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order.
6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, **all orders are subject to our General Terms and Conditions of Supply**.
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