

# **Film Capacitors**

# **EMI Suppression Capacitors (MKT)**

 Series/Type:
 B32932 ... B32936

 Date:
 March 2019

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# **EMI Suppression Capacitors (MKT)**

#### X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

#### B32932 ... B32936

#### **Typical applications**

- For connection in series with the mains
- For severe ambient conditions
- Capacitive power supply applications
- Energy meters

#### Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 105 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1:2013): 40/105/56

#### Features

- High stability of capacitance value
- X2 safety approval (up to 2.2 μF)
- RoHS-compatible
- AEC-Q200D compliant

#### Construction

- Dielectric: metallized polyester
- Internal series connection
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing, flame-retardant

## Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- Standard lead lengths: 6 –1 mm
- Special lead lengths available on request

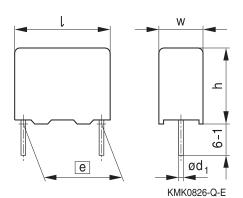
#### Marking

Manufacturer's logo, lot number, date code, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage (IEC), series number, sub-class (X2), dielectric code (MKT), climatic category

#### **Delivery mode**

Bulk (untaped, lead length 6 - 1 mm) Taped (Ammo pack or reel)

#### **Dimensional drawing**



Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing <i>e</i> _±0.4	Lead diameter d <sub>1</sub> ±0.05	Туре
15	0.8	B32932
22.5	0.8	B32933
27.5	0.8	B32934
37.5	1.0	B32936

#### **Marking examples**

	123123123 A (-1µ5 M 305V~
B329	93 X2 MKT/SH 40/105/56/B
	• c <b>Al</b> us
	KMK1318-E

## **Approvals**

Approval mark	Standards	Certificate
<b>31</b> 0	EN 60384-14:2014 IEC 60384-14:2013	40028058
<b>91</b>	UL 60384-14:2014	E97863
c <b>71</b>	CSA E60384-14:2013	E97863

Note: X2 safety approval for C  $\leq$ 2.2  $\mu$ F



X2

B32932 ... B32936

X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# Overview of available types

Lead spacing	15 mm	22.5 mm	27.5 mm	37.5 mm
Туре	B32932	B32933	B32934	B32936
C <sub>R</sub> (μF)				
0.047				
0.068				
0.10				
0.15				
0.22				
0.33				
0.47				
0.56				
0.68				
0.82				
1.0				
1.5				
2.2				



X2

## B32932 ... B32936

X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# Ordering codes and packing units

Lead	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped	X2
spacing		$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	pack			safety
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	appr.
15	0.047	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32932A3473+***	4680	5200	4000	Х
	0.068	$5.0\times10.5\times18.0$	B32932A3683+***	4680	5200	4000	Х
	0.10	$6.0\times11.0\times18.0$	B32932A3104+***	3840	4400	4000	Х
	0.15	$7.0\times12.5\times18.0$	B32932A3154+***	3320	3600	4000	Х
	0.22	$8.5 \times 14.5 \times 18.0$	B32932A3224+***	2720	2800	2000	Х
	0.33	$9.0\times17.5\times18.0$	B32932A3334+***	2560	2800	2000	Х
	0.47	$11.0\times18.5\times18.0$	B32932A3474M***	_	2200	1200	Х
22.5	0.10	$6.0\times15.0\times26.5$	B32933A3104+***	2720	2800	2880	Х
	0.15	$6.0\times15.0\times26.5$	B32933A3154+***	2720	2800	2880	Х
	0.22	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32933A3224+***	2320	2400	2520	Х
	0.33	$7.0\times16.0\times26.5$	B32933A3334+***	2320	2400	2520	Х
	0.47	$8.5 \times 16.5 \times 26.5$	B32933A3474M***	1920	2000	2040	Х
	0.47	$10.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32933B3474+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.56	$10.5\times16.5\times26.5$	B32933A3564+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.68	$10.5\times18.5\times26.5$	B32933A3684+***	1560	1600	2160	Х
	0.82	$12.0\times22.0\times26.5$	B32933A3824+***	_	-	1800	Х
	1.0	$12.0\times22.0\times26.5$	B32933A3105M***	_	-	1800	Х
	1.0	$14.5 \times 29.5 \times 26.5$	B32933B3105+***	_	_	1040	Х
	1.5	$14.5 \times 29.5 \times 26.5$	B32933A3155+***	_	_	1040	Х

X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
  - $M = \pm 20\%$
  - $K = \pm 10\%$

- \*\*\* = Packaging code:
  - 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
  - 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
  - 000 = Straight terminals, Untaped (standard lead length 6 -1 mm)





X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# Ordering codes and packing units

Lead	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped	X2
spacing		$w \times h \times l$	(composition see	pack			safety
mm	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	pcs./MOQ	appr.
27.5	0.47	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3474+***	_	1400	1280	Х
	0.56	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3564+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	0.68	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3684+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	0.82	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3824+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	1.0	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	B32934A3105M***	-	1400	1280	Х
	1.0	$11.0\times21.0\times31.5$	B32934B3105+***	-	1400	1280	Х
	1.5	$13.5\times23.0\times31.5$	B32934B3155M***	-	1200	1120	Х
	1.5	$14.0\times24.5\times31.5$	B32934D3155+***	-	-	1040	Х
	2.2	$18.0\times27.5\times31.5$	B32934B3225+***	-	_	800	Х
37.5	1.0	$12.0\times22.0\times41.5$	B32936A3105+***	-	-	1620	Х
	1.5	$12.0\times22.0\times41.5$	B32936A3155+***	_	-	1620	Х
	2.2	$14.0\times25.0\times41.5$	B32936A3225+***	_	_	1380	Х

# X = approval granted

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further intermediate capacitance values on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
  - $M = \pm 20\%$
  - K = ±10%

\*\*\* = Packaging code:

- 289 = Straight terminals, Ammo pack
- 189 = Straight terminals, Reel
- 000 = Straight terminals, Untaped (standard lead length 6 -1 mm)





X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# **Technical data**

Reference standard: IEC 60384-14:2013/AMD1:2016 and AEC-Q200D.

Max. operating temperature $T_{op,max}$ ( $T_{op} = T_A + $ self-heating)	+105 °C			
Dissipation factor tan $\delta$ (in 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	at	C ≤ 1 µF	C > 1 µF	
at 20 $^{\circ}$ C (upper limit values)	1 kHz	8	8	
	10 kHz	15	_	
Insulation resistance R <sub>ins</sub>	$C_{\text{R}} \le 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$		$C_{\rm R} > 0.33 \mu F$	
or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$	30 000 MΩ		10 000 s	
at 20 °C, rel. humidity $\leq$ 65%				
(minimum as-delivered values)				
DC test voltage	1312 V DC, 1	2 s (4.3 · V <sub>R</sub> a	according to IEC 60384-14)	
Passive flammability category to IEC 40 (CO) 752	В			
Capacitance tolerances (measured at 1 kHz)	±10% (K), ±20% (M)			
Rated AC voltage (IEC 60384-14)	305 V (50/60 Hz)			
Maximum continuous DC voltage $V_{\text{DC}}$	500 V			
Operating voltage $V_{op}$ at high temperature	$T_{op} \le 105 \ ^{\circ}C$		$V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_{AC} (1000 \text{ h})$	
Damp heat test	Test conditions:			
	1. Temperat	ure:	+85 °C ±2 °C	
	Relative h	numidity (RH):	85% ±2%	
	Test dura		1000 hours	
	Voltage v	alue:	240 V AC, 50 Hz	
	2. Temperat	ure:	+40 °C ±2 °C	
	Relative h	numidity (RH):	93% ±2%	
	Test dura	tion:	2000 hours	
	Voltage v	alue:	305 V AC, 50 Hz	
Limit values after damp heat test	Capacitance change ( $\Delta$ C/C): $\leq$ 10%			
	Dissipation factor change ( $\Delta tan \delta$ ): $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$		( $\Delta \tan \delta$ ): $\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (at 1 kHz)	
	$\Delta \tan \delta / \tan \delta$ : $\leq 100\%$ (at 10)			
	Insulation resistance R <sub>ins</sub>			
	or time cons	$\tan \tau = C_R \cdot F$	R <sub>ins</sub> : > 10 MΩ	



X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC



# Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in  $V/\mu s$ .

" $k_0$ " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in V<sup>2</sup>/µs.

#### Note:

The values of dV/dt and  $k_0$  provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

#### dV/dt and k<sub>0</sub> values

Lead spacing (mm)	15	22.5	27.5	37.5
dV/dt (V/µs)	90	50	35	25
k <sub>0</sub> (V²/μs)	108000	60000	42000	30000

# Mounting guidelines

#### 1 Soldering

#### 1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/ $-0.5$ mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder ≥90%, free-flowing solder





# 1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1. Conditions:

Series	Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT boxed (except 2.5 × 6.5 × 7.2 mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing >10 mm) MFP	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
MKP (lead spacing >7.5 mm)		
MKT boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5±1 s
<pre>MKP (lead spacing ≤7.5 mm) MKT uncoated (lead spacing ≤10 mm) insulated (B32559)</pre>		<4 s recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing $\leq$ 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)
300 KMK1242-V	1	
$^{\circ}C$ $^{\circ}C$ $^{260}^{\circ}C, 4 s$ $^{150}$ $^{100}$ $^{50}$ $^{0}$ $^{0}$ $^{50}$ $^{0}$ $^{50}$ $^{100}$ $^{150}$ $^{260}^{\circ}C, 4 s$ $^{100}$ $^{150$	50	
Immercian denth	$2.0 \pm 0/$ 0.5 mm from cor	
Immersion depth Shield		bacitor body or seating plane $5 \pm 0.5$ mm thick between
Silleiu	capacitor body and liquid	.5 $\pm$ 0.5) mm thick, between solder
Evaluation criteria:		
Visual inspection	No visible damage	
$\Delta C/C_0$	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP 5% for EMI suppression of	capacitors
tan δ	As specified in sectional s	•

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and Important notes at the end of this document. Downloaded from <u>Arrow.com</u>.



X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# X2

## 1.3 General notes on soldering

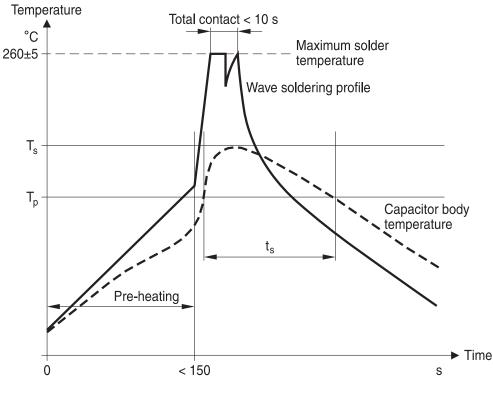
Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature  $T_{max}$ . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
- diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

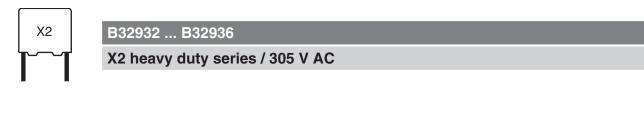
#### Recommendations

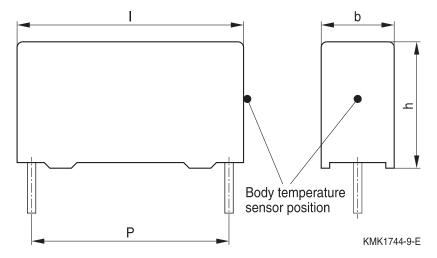
As a reference, the recommended wave soldering profile for our film capacitors is as follows:



 $T_{s}: Capacitor body maximum temperature at wave soldering T_{p}: Capacitor body maximum temperature at pre-heating KMK1745-A-E$ 







Body temperature should follow the description below:

- MKP capacitor During pre-heating: T<sub>p</sub> ≤110 °C During soldering: T<sub>s</sub> ≤120 °C, t<sub>s</sub> ≤45 s
- MKT capacitor During pre-heating: T<sub>p</sub> ≤125 °C During soldering: T<sub>s</sub> ≤160 °C, t<sub>s</sub> ≤45 s

When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.

Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

In order to ensure proper conditions for manual or selective soldering, the body temperature of the capacitor (T<sub>s</sub>) must be  $\leq$ 120 °C.

One recommended condition for manual soldering is that the tip of the soldering iron should be <360 °C and the soldering contact time should be no longer than 3 seconds.

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings  $\leq$ 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering

Please refer to our Film Capacitors Data Book in case more details are needed.



B32932 ... B32936 X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC



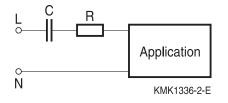
# Application note for the different possible X1 / X2 positions

# In series with the powerline (i.e. capacitive power supply)

**Typical Applications:** 

- Power meters
- ECUs for white goods and household appliances
- Different sensor applications
- Severe ambient conditions

#### **Basic circuit**



#### **Required features**

- High capacitance stability over the lifetime
- Narrow tolerances for a controlled current supply

#### **Recommended EPCOS product series**

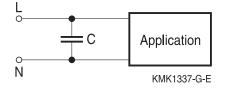
- B3293\* (305 V AC) heavy duty with EN approval for X2 (UL Q1/2010)
- B3265\* MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3267\*L MKP series standard MKP capacitor without safety approvals
- B3292\*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2

#### In parallel with the powerline

Typical Applications:

Standard X2 are used parallel over the mains for reducing electromagnetic interferences coming from the grid. For such purposes they must meet the applicable EMC directives and standards.

# **Basic circuit**



# **Required features**

- Standard safety approvals (ENEC, UL, CSA, CQC)
- High pulse load capability
- Withstand surge voltages

#### **Recommended EPCOS product series**

- B3292\*C/D (305 V AC) standard series, approved as X2
- B3291\* (330 V AC), approved as X1
- B3291\* (530 V AC), approved as X1
- B3292\*H/J (305 V AC), severe ambient condition, approved as X2





X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# **Cautions and warnings**

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.
- Consult us if application is with severe temperature and humidity condition.
- There are no serviceable or repairable parts inside the capacitor. Opening the capacitor or any attempts to open or repair the capacitor will void the warranty and liability of TDK Electronics.
- Please note that the standards referred to in this publication may have been revised in the meantime.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6:2007. TDK Electronics offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"



B32932 ... B32936 X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC



Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"

# Design of our capacitors

EPCOS EMI capacitors use polypropylene (PP) film metalized with a thin layer of Zinc (Zn). The following key points have made this design suitable to IEC/UL testing, holding a minimum size.

- Overvoltage AC capability with very high temperature Endurance test of IEC 60384-14:2013 (4th edition) / UL 60384-14:2014 (2<sup>nd</sup> edition) must be performed at 1.25 × V<sub>R</sub> at maximum temperature, during 1000 hours, with a capacitance drift less than 10%.
- Higher breakdown voltage withstanding if compared to other film metallizations, like Aluminum. IEC 60384-14:2013 (4<sup>th</sup> edition) / UL 60384-14:2014 (2<sup>nd</sup> edition) establishes high voltage tests performed at 4.3 × V<sub>R</sub> −1 minute, impulse testing at 2500 V for C = 1 µF and active flammability tests.
- Damp heat steady state: 40 °C/ 93% RH / 56 days. (without voltage or current load)

# Effect of humidity on capacitance stability

Long contact of a film capacitor with humidity can produce irreversible effects. Direct contact with liquid water or excess exposure to high ambient humidity or dew will eventually remove the film metallization and thus destroy the capacitor. Plastic boxed capacitors must be properly tested in the final application at the worst expected conditions of temperature and humidity in order to check if any parameter drift may provoke a circuit malfunction.

In case of penetration of humidity through the film, the layer of Zinc can be degraded, specially under AC operation (change of polarity), accelerated by the temperature, provoking an increment of the serial resistance of the electrode and eventually a reduction of the capacitance value. For DC operation, the parameter drift is much less.

Plastic boxes and resins can not protect 100% against humidity. Metal enclosures, resin potting or coatings or similar measures by customers in their applications will offer additional protection against humidity penetration.





X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

# Display of ordering codes for TDK Electronics products

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the company website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the order-ing codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products.

Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/orderingcodes.



X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

X2

# Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α <sub>c</sub>	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
A	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
β <sub>c</sub>	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C <sub>R</sub>	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
$\Delta C$	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
$\Delta C/C$	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
$\Delta t$	Time interval	Zeitintervall
$\Delta T$	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
∆tan δ	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
$\Delta V$	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V / \Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f <sub>1</sub>	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f <sub>2</sub>	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f <sub>r</sub>	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F <sub>D</sub>	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion
F <sub>τ</sub>	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I <sub>c</sub>	Category current (max. continuous	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)



X2

B32932 ... B32936

X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

Symbol	English	German
I <sub>RMS</sub>	(Sinusoidal) alternating current, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
i <sub>z</sub>	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k <sub>o</sub>	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
Ls	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λο	Constant failure rate during useful service life	Konstante Ausfallrate in der Nutzungsphase
$\lambda_{\text{test}}$	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P <sub>diss</sub>	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P <sub>gen</sub>	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des Entladekreises
R <sub>i</sub>	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
<b>R</b> <sub>ins</sub>	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R <sub>P</sub>	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
Rs	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
tan $\delta_D$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan $\delta_P$	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan $\delta_s$	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T <sub>A</sub>	Temperature of the air surrounding the component	Temperatur der Luft, die das Bauteil umgibt
T <sub>max</sub>	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T <sub>min</sub>	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t <sub>oL</sub>	Operating life at operating temperature and voltage	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und -spannung
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating temperature, $T_A + \Delta T$	Beriebstemperatur, $T_A + \Delta T$
T <sub>B</sub>	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T <sub>ref</sub>	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t <sub>SL</sub>	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer



# X2 heavy duty series / 305 V AC

X2

Symbol	English	German
V <sub>AC</sub>	AC voltage	Wechselspannung
V <sub>c</sub>	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{C,RMS}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
$V_{CD}$	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
$V_{ch}$	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
$V_{\text{DC}}$	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
$V_{\text{FB}}$	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
V <sub>i</sub>	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
Vo	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
$V_{op}$	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V <sub>p</sub>	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
$V_{pp}$	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V <sub>R</sub>	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
ν <sub>R</sub>	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
$V_{\text{RMS}}$	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage,	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
	root-mean-square value	
$V_{SC}$	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
$V_{sn}$	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung
		"Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß



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