

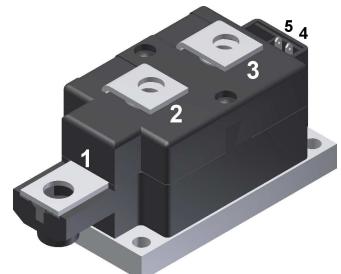
# Thyristor \ Diode Module

$V_{RRM}$  = 2x 1200 V  
 $I_{TAV}$  = 250 A  
 $V_T$  = 1.08 V

## Phase leg

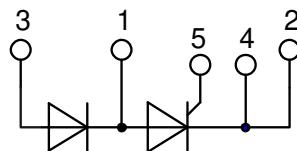
### Part number

**MCD255-12io1**



Backside: isolated

 E72873



### Features / Advantages:

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al2O3-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chip
- Keyed gate/cathode twin pins

### Applications:

- Motor control, softstarter
- Power converter
- Heat and temperature control for industrial furnaces and chemical processes
- Lighting control
- Solid state switches

### Package: Y1

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

### Disclaimer Notice

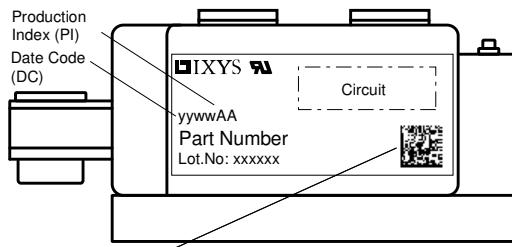
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**Rectifier**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1200 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		1 40	mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 300 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1.14	V
		$I_T = 600 A$			1.36	V
		$I_T = 300 A$ $I_T = 600 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.08 1.33	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 85^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		250	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			450	A
$V_{TO}$	threshold voltage	$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{slope resistance} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{for power loss calculation only}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		0.80	V
$r_T$	slope resistance				0.68	mΩ
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.14	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.04		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		820	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$		9.20	kA
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		9.94	kA
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		7.82	kA
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		8.45	kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$		423.2	kA²s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		410.6	kA²s
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		305.8	kA²s
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		296.7	kA²s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	438		pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 140^\circ C$		120	W
		$t_p = 500 \mu s$			60	W
					20	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$	repetitive, $I_T = 860 A$		100	A/μs
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s;$				
		$I_G = 1 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	non-repet., $I_T = 250 A$		500	A/μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		1000	V/μs
		$R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)				
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		3	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		150	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		220	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		0.25	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
		$I_G = 0.45 A; di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		150	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	μs
		$I_G = 1 A; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mu s$				
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 300 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$	200		μs
		$di/dt = 10 A/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 50 V/\mu s$ $t_p = 200 \mu s$				

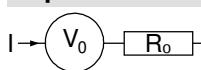
**Package Y1**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings		
			min.	typ.	max.
$I_{RMS}$	$RMS$ current	per terminal			600
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		140
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125
<b>Weight</b>				680	g
$M_D$	mounting torque		4.5		7
$M_T$	terminal torque		11		13
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	16.0		mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	16.0		mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	$t = 1$ second $t = 1$ minute	3600 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3000	V V

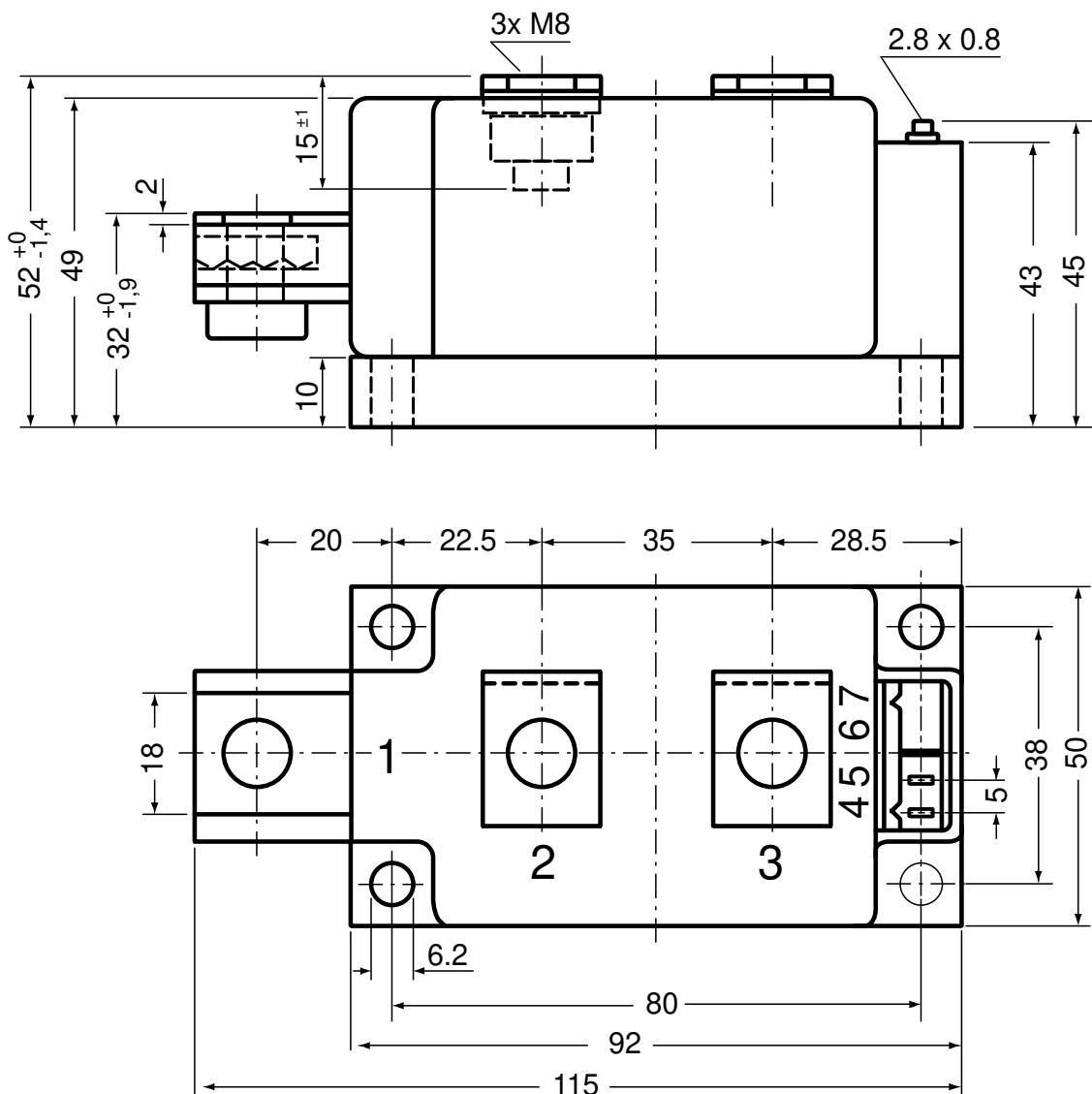


Data Matrix: part no. (1-19), DC + PI (20-25), lot.no.# (26-31), blank (32), serial no.# (33-36)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCD255-12io1	MCD255-12io1	Box	3	461814

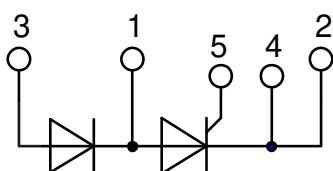
**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
\* on die level
 $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ\text{C}$ 

**Thyristor**

$V_{0\max}$  threshold voltage 0.8 V  
 $R_{0\max}$  slope resistance \* 0.5 mΩ

**Outlines Y1**

**Optional accessories for modules**

Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red

Type ZY 180L (L = Left for pin pair 4/5) UL 758, style 3751



## Thyristor

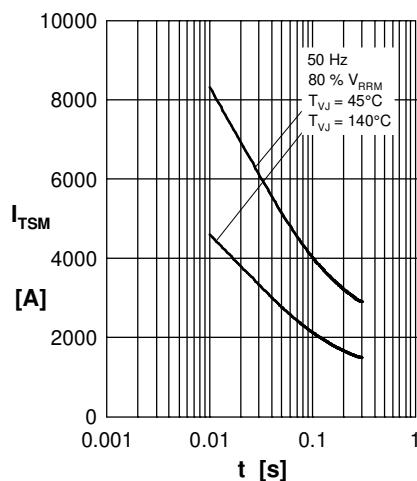


Fig. 1 Surge overload current  
 $I_{T(SM)}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

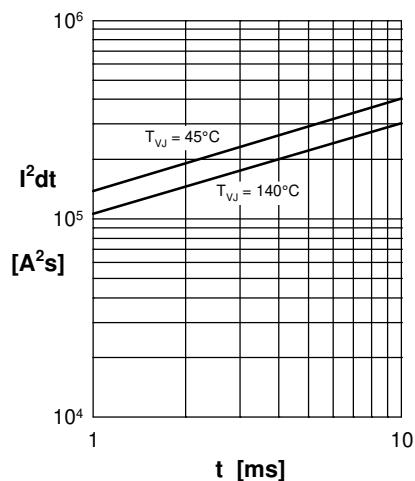


Fig. 2  $I^2dt$  versus time

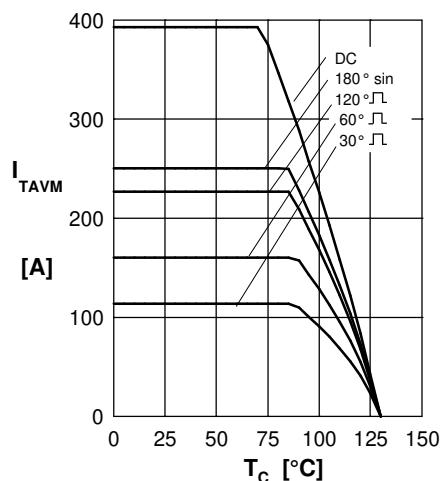


Fig. 3 Max. forward current  
at case temperature

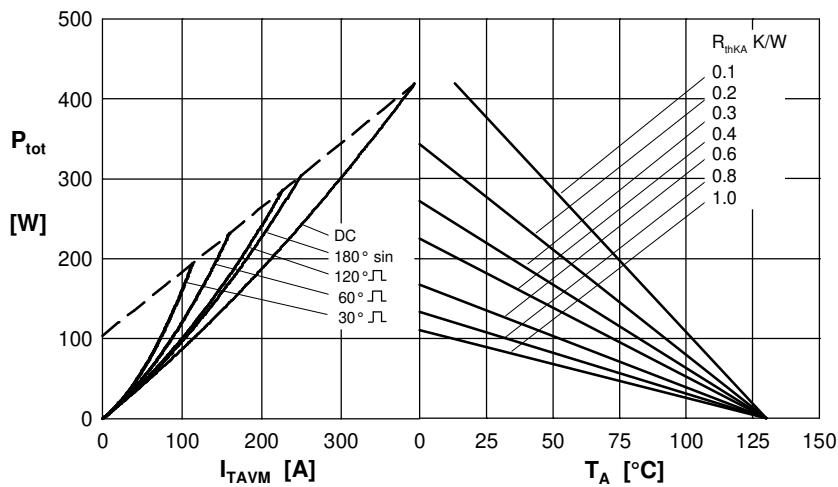


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus on-state current and ambient temperature (per thyristor or diode)

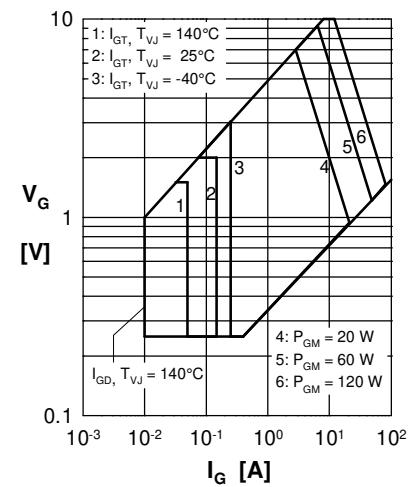


Fig. 5 Surge overload current  
 $I_{T(SM)}$ : Crest value,  $t$ : duration

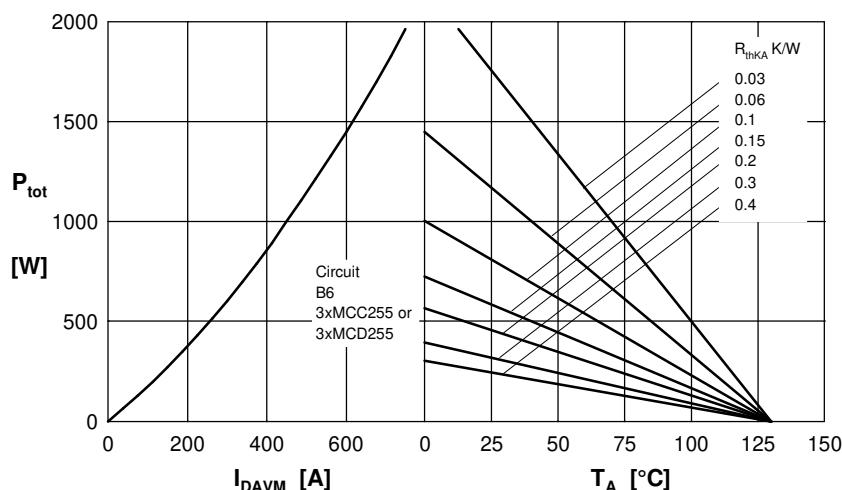


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation  
vs. direct output current and ambient temperature

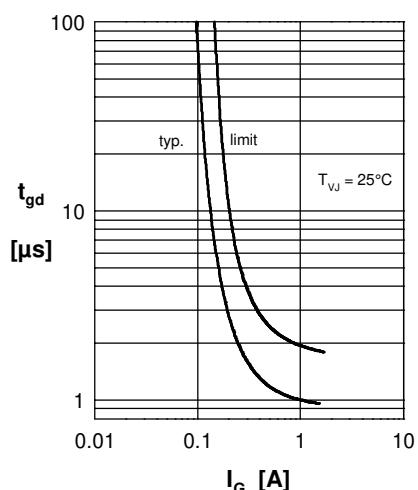


Fig. 7 Gate trigger delay time

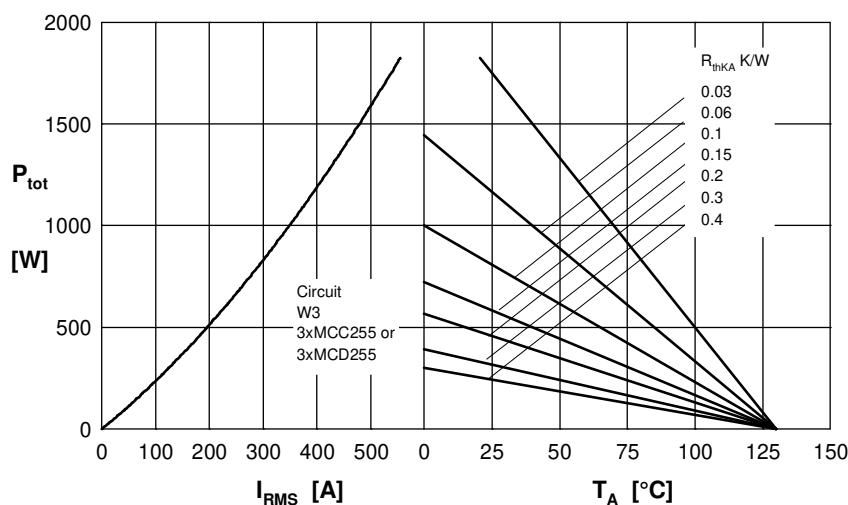
**Rectifier**


Fig. 8 Three phase AC-controller: Power dissipation versus R<sub>MS</sub> output current and ambient temperature

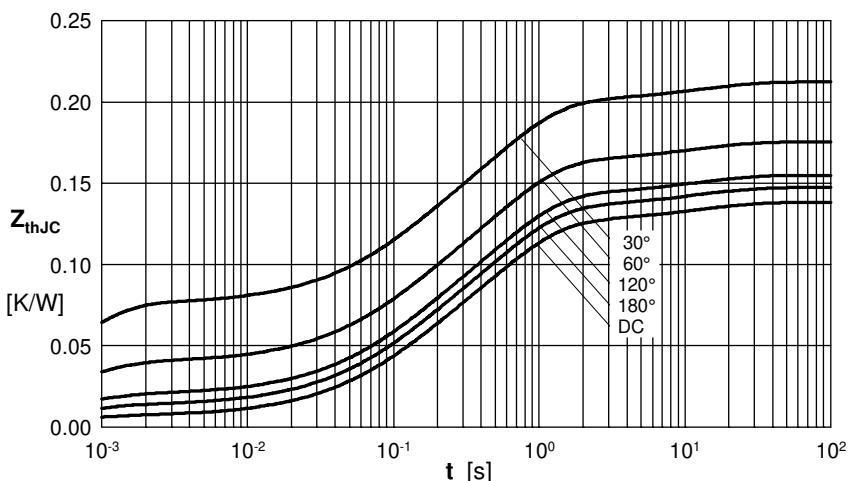


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per thyristor/diode)

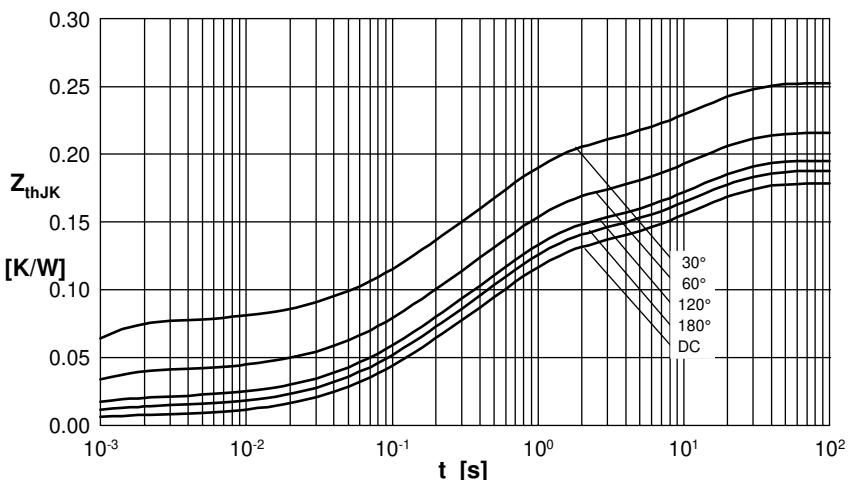


Fig. 10 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor/diode)

R<sub>thJC</sub> for various conduct. angles d:

d	R <sub>thJC</sub> [K/W]
DC	0.139
180°	0.148
120°	0.156
60°	0.176
30°	0.214

Constants for Z<sub>thJC</sub> calculation:

i	R <sub>thi</sub> [K/W]	t <sub>i</sub> [s]
1	0.0066	0.00054
2	0.0358	0.098
3	0.0831	0.54
4	0.0129	12

R<sub>thJK</sub> for various conduct. angles d:

d	R <sub>thJK</sub> [K/W]
DC	0.179
180°	0.188
120°	0.196
60°	0.216
30°	0.254

Constants for Z<sub>thJK</sub> calculation:

i	R <sub>thi</sub> [K/W]	t <sub>i</sub> [s]
1	0.0066	0.00054
2	0.0358	0.098
3	0.0831	0.54
4	0.0129	12
5	0.04	12