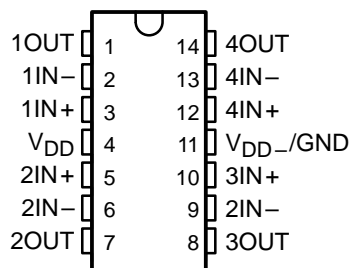


# TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y LinCMOS™ QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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- A-Suffix Versions Offer 5-mV  $V_{IO}$
- B-Suffix Versions Offer 2-mV  $V_{IO}$
- Wide Range of Supply Voltages  
1.4 V to 16 V
- True Single-Supply Operation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Includes the Negative Rail
- Low Noise . . . 25 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  Typ at  $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$   
(High-Bias Version)

D, N, OR PW PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



## description

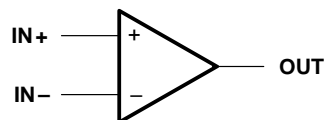
The TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A and TLC25M4B are low-cost, low-power quad operational amplifiers designed to operate with single or dual supplies. These devices utilize the Texas Instruments silicon gate LinCMOS™

process, giving them stable input-offset voltages that are available in selected grades of 2, 5, or 10 mV maximum, very high input impedances, and extremely low input offset and bias currents. Because the input common-mode range extends to the negative rail and the power consumption is extremely low, this series is ideally suited for battery-powered or energy-conserving applications. The series offers operation down to a 1.4-V supply, is stable at unity gain, and has excellent noise characteristics.

These devices have internal electrostatic-discharge (ESD) protection circuits that prevent catastrophic failures at voltages up to 2000 V as tested under MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.1. However, care should be exercised in handling these devices as exposure to ESD may result in degradation of the device parametric performance.

Because of the extremely high input impedance and low input bias and offset currents, applications for these devices include many areas that have previously been limited to BIFET and NFET product types. Any circuit using high-impedance elements and requiring small offset errors is a good candidate for cost-effective use of these devices. Many features associated with bipolar technology are available with LinCMOS operational amplifiers without the power penalties of traditional bipolar devices.

## symbol (each amplifier)



Available options

$T_A$	$V_{IO\text{max}}$ AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES			CHIP FORM (Y)
		SMALL OUTLINE (D)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP (PW)	
0°C to 70°C	10 mV	TLC254CD	TLC254CN	TLC254CPW	TLC254Y
	5 mV	TLC254ACD	TLC254ACN	—	—
	2 mV	TLC254BCD	TLC254BCN	—	—
	10 mV	TLC25L4CD	TLC25L4CN	TLC25L4CPW	TLC25L4Y
	5 mV	TLC25L4ACD	TLC25L4ACN	—	—
	2 mV	TLC25L2BCD	TLC25L4BCN	—	—
	10 mV	TLC25M4CD	TLC25M4CN	TLC25M4CPW	TLC25M4Y
	5 mV	TLC25M4ACD	TLC25M4ACN	—	—
	2 mV	TLC25M4BCD	TLC25M4BCN	—	—

The D package is available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to the device type (e.g., TLC254CDR). Chips are tested at 25°C.

LinCMOS is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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description (continued)

General applications such as transducer interfacing, analog calculations, amplifier blocks, active filters, and signal buffering are all easily designed with these devices. Remote and inaccessible equipment applications are possible using their low-voltage and low-power capabilities. These devices are well suited to solve the difficult problems associated with single-battery and solar-cell-powered applications. This series includes devices that are characterized for the commercial temperature range and are available in 14-pin plastic dip and the small-outline packages. The device is also available in chip form.

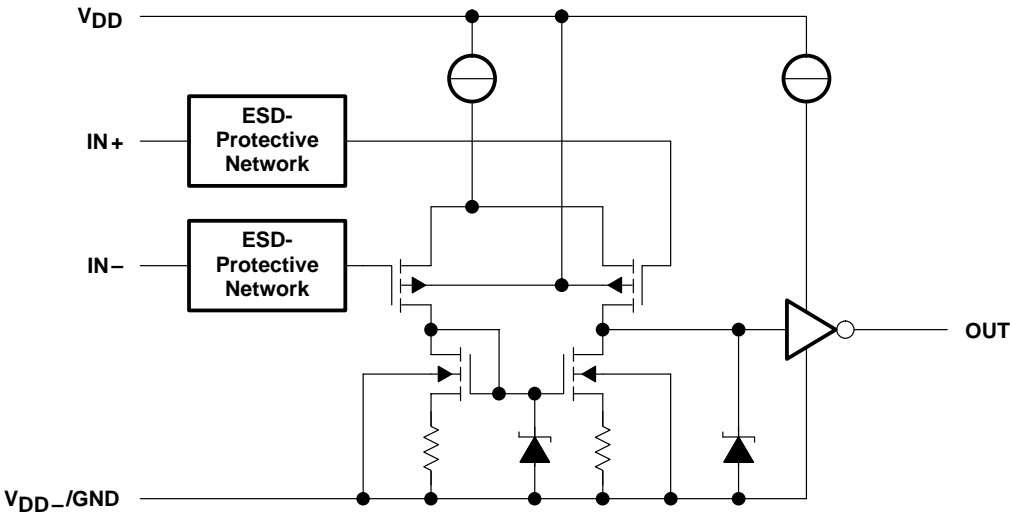
These devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

DEVICE FEATURES

PARAMETER	TLC25L4_C (LOW BIAS)	TLC25M4_C (MEDIUM BIAS)	TLC254_C (HIGH BIAS)
Supply current (Typ)	40 µA	600 µA	4000 µA
Slew rate (Typ)	0.04 V/µA	0.6 V/µA	4.5 V/µA
Input offset voltage (Max) TLC254C, TLC25L4C, TLC25M4C TLC254AC, TLC25L4AC, TLC25M4AC TLC254BC, TLC25L4BC, TLC25M4BC	10 mV 5 mV 2 mV	10 mV 5 mV 2 mV	10 mV 5 mV 2 mV
Offset voltage drift (Typ)	0.1 µV/month†	0.1 µV/month†	0.1 µV/month†
Offset voltage temperature coefficient (Typ)	0.7 µV/°C	2 µV/°C	5 µV/°C
Input bias current (Typ)	1 pA	1 pA	1 pA
Input offset current (Typ)	1 pA	1 pA	1 pA

† The long-term drift value applies after the first month.

equivalent schematic (each amplifier)

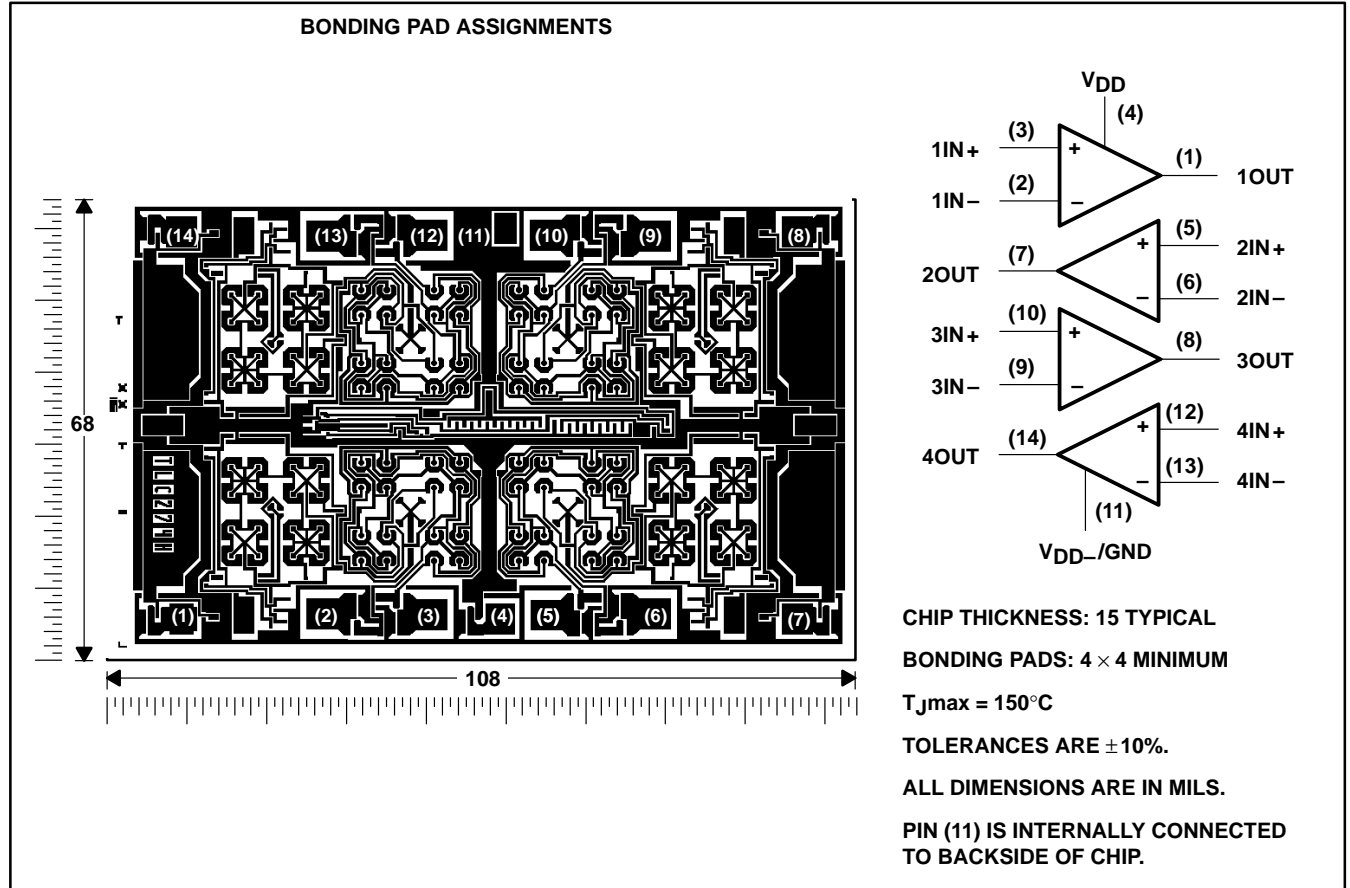


**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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## chip information

These chips, when properly assembled, display characteristics similar to the TLC25\_4C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$ (see Note 1)	18 V
Differential input voltage (see Note 2)	$\pm 18$ V
Input voltage range (any input)	–0.3 V to 18 V
Duration of short-circuit at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to  $V_{DD-}/GND$ .  
2. Differential voltages are at  $IN+$ , with respect to  $IN-$ .  
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW
N	1050 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW
PW	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	448 mW

**recommended operating conditions**

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$		1.4	16	V
Common-mode input voltage, $V_{IC}$	$V_{DD} = 1.4$ V	0	0.2	V
	$V_{DD} = 5$ V	–0.2	4	
	$V_{DD} = 10$ V	–0.2	9	
	$V_{DD} = 16$ V	–0.2	14	
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$		0	70	°C



electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 1.4\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION†	T <sub>A</sub>	TLC254_C			TLC25L4_C			TLC25M4_C			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.2 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	25°C	10			10			10			mV
			0°C to 70°C	12			12			12			
			25°C	5			5			5			
			0°C to 70°C	6.5			6.5			6.5			
			25°C	2			2			2			
			0°C to 70°C	3			3			3			
a <sub>VIO</sub>	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C	1			1			1			μV/°C
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.2 V	25°C	1		60	1		60	1		60	pA
			0°C to 70°C	300		300		300					
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.2 V	25°C	1		60	1		60	1		60	pA
			0°C to 70°C	600		600		600					
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	0 to 0.2			0 to 0.2			0 to 0.2			V
V <sub>OM</sub>	Peak output voltage swing‡	V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV	25°C	450	700		450	700		450	700		mV
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = 100 to 300 mV, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	25°C	10			20			20			V/mV
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.2 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICRmin</sub>	25°C	60	77		60	77		60	77		dB
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.2 V, No load	25°C	600		750	50		68	400		500	μA

† All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise specified. Unless otherwise noted, an output load resistor is connected from the output to ground and has the following value: for low bias,  $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , for medium bias  $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ , and for high bias  $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ .

‡ The output swings to the potential of  $V_{DD-}/\text{GND}$ .

operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 1.4\text{ V}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TLC254_C			TLC25L4_C			TLC25M4_C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	See Figure 1		0.1			0.001			0.01		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$B_1$	Unity-gain bandwidth	$A_V = 40\text{ dB}, C_L = 10\text{ pF}, R_S = 50\ \Omega,$ See Figure 1		12			12			12		kHz
	Overshoot factor	See Figure 1		30%			35%			35%		

**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B**  
**TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y**  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC254, TLC254AC, TLC254BC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	TLC254C	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		1.1	10	mV
				Full range			12	
	TLC254AC	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.9	5	
				Full range			6.5	
	TLC254BC	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	$V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.34	2	
				Full range			3	
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage				25°C to 70°C		1.8		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current (see Note 4)		$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$	25°C		0.1	60	pA
				70°C		7	300	
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current (see Note 4)		$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$	25°C		0.6	60	pA
				70°C		40	600	
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)				25°C	-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
				Full range	-0.2 to 3.5			
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage		$V_{ID} = 100\text{ mV}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	0°C		3	3.8	V
				25°C		3.2	3.8	
				70°C		3	3.8	
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage		$V_{ID} = -100\text{ mV}$	$I_{OL} = 0$	0°C		0	50	mV
				25°C		0	50	
				70°C		0	50	
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification		$V_O = 0.25\text{ V to } 2\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	0°C		4	27	V/mV
				25°C		5	23	
				70°C		4	20	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio		$V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$		0°C		60	84	dB
				25°C		65	80	
				70°C		60	85	
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )		$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V to } 10\text{ V}$	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$	0°C		60	94	dB
				25°C		65	95	
				70°C		60	96	
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (four amplifiers)		$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , No load	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$	0°C		3.1	7.2	mA
				25°C		2.7	6.4	
				70°C		2.3	5.2	

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> <sup>†</sup>	TLC254C, TLC254AC, TLC254BC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	TLC254C	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ	25°C	1.1	10	mV	
				Full range	12			
		TLC254AC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ	25°C	0.9	5		
				Full range	6.5			
		TLC254BC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ	25°C	0.39	2		
				Full range	3			
°V <sub>IO</sub>	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C	2		μV/°C	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = 5 V		25°C	0.1	60	pA	
				70°C	7	300		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = 5 V		25°C	0.7	60	pA	
				70°C	50	600		
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	−0.2 to 9	−0.3 to 9.2	V	
				Full range	−0.2 to 8.5			
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ		0°C	7.8	8.5	V	
				25°C	8	8.5		
				70°C	7.8	8.4		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = −100 mV, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0		0°C	0	50	mV	
				25°C	0	50		
				70°C	0	50		
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = 1 V to 6 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10 kΩ		0°C	7.5	42	V/mV	
				25°C	10	36		
				70°C	7.5	32		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICRmin</sub>		0°C	60	88	dB	
				25°C	65	85		
				70°C	60	88		
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V to 10 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V		0°C	60	94	dB	
				25°C	65	95		
				70°C	60	96		
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = 5 V, No load	0°C	4.5	8.8	mA	
				25°C	3.8	8		
				70°C	3.2	6.8		

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	TLC254C, TLC254AC, TLC254BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	0°C	4		V/ $\mu$ s
			25°C	3.6		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	70°C	3		
			0°C	3.1		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 2.5\text{ V}$	25°C	2.9		
			70°C	2.5		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$ , See Figure 2	25°C		25		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,	0°C		340		kHz
		25°C		320		
		70°C		260		
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , See Figure 1	0°C		2		MHz
		25°C		1.7		
		70°C		1.3		
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , See Figure 3 $f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,	0°C		47°		
		25°C		46°		
		70°C		43°		

**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	TLC254C, TLC254AC, TLC254BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	0°C	5.9		V/ $\mu$ s
			25°C	5.3		
			70°C	4.3		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 5.5\text{ V}$	0°C	5.1		
			25°C	4.6		
			70°C	3.8		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$ , See Figure 2	25°C		25		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,	0°C		220		kHz
		25°C		200		
		70°C		140		
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , See Figure 1	0°C		2.5		MHz
		25°C		2.2		
		70°C		1.8		
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , See Figure 3 $f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,	0°C		50°		
		25°C		49°		
		70°C		46°		



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC25L4C TLC25L4AC TLC25L4BC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	TLC25L4C	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	1.1	10	mV
					Full range		12	
		TLC25L4AC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	0.9	5	
					Full range		6.5	
		TLC25L4BC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	0.24	2	
					Full range		3	
∞V <sub>IO</sub>	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C	1.1		μV/°C	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V	25°C	0.1	60	pA	
				70°C	7	300		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V	25°C	0.6	60	pA	
				70°C	40	600		
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	−0.2 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2	V	
				Full range	−0.2 to 3.5		V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV,	R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	0°C	3	4.1	V	
				25°C	3.2	4.1		
				70°C	3	4.2		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = −100 mV,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0	0°C	0	50	mV	
				25°C	0	50		
				70°C	0	50		
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.25 V to 2 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ		0°C	50	680	V/mV	
				25°C	50	520		
				70°C	50	380		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICRmin</sub>		0°C	60	95	dB	
				25°C	65	94		
				70°C	60	95		
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V to 10 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V		0°C	60	97	dB	
				25°C	70	98		
				70°C	60	97		
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V,	0°C	48	84	μA	
				25°C	40	68		
				70°C	31	56		

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B**  
**TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y**  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC25L4C TLC25L4AC TLC25L4BC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	TLC25L4C	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	1.1	10	mV
					Full range		12	
		TLC25L4AC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	0.9	5	
					Full range		6.5	
		TLC25L4BC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	0.26	2	
					Full range		3	
α <sub>VIO</sub>	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C	1		μV/°C	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 5 V	25°C	0.1	60	pA	
				70°C	7	300		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 5 V	25°C	0.7	60	pA	
				70°C	50	600		
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	−0.2 to 9	−0.3 to 9.2	V	
				Full range	−0.2 to 8.5		V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV,	R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	0°C	7.8	8.9	V	
				25°C	8	8.9		
				70°C	7.8	8.9		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = −100 mV,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0	0°C	0	50	mV	
				25°C	0	50		
				70°C	0	50		
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = 1 V to 6 V,	R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	0°C	50	1025	V/mV	
				25°C	50	870		
				70°C	50	660		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICRmin</sub>		0°C	60	97	dB	
				25°C	65	97		
				70°C	60	97		
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V to 10 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V	0°C	60	97	dB	
				25°C	70	97		
				70°C	60	98		
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 5 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = 5 V,	0°C	72	132	μA	
				25°C	57	92		
				70°C	44	80		

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	TLC25L4C TLC25L4AC TLC25L4BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR      Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	0°C	0.04		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
			25°C	0.03		
			70°C	0.03		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 2.5\text{ V}$	0°C	0.03		
			25°C	0.03		
			70°C	0.02		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$ ,      See Figure 2	25°C		70		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ ,	0°C		6		kHz
		25°C		5		
		70°C		4.5		
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,      See Figure 1	0°C		100		kHz
		25°C		85		
		70°C		65		
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , See Figure 3 $f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,	0°C		36°		
		25°C		34°		
		70°C		30°		

**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	TLC25L4C TLC25L4AC TLC25L4BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR      Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	0°C	0.05		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
			25°C	0.05		
			70°C	0.04		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 5.5\text{ V}$	0°C	0.05		
			25°C	0.04		
			70°C	0.04		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$ ,      See Figure 2	25°C		70		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ ,	0°C		1.3		kHz
		25°C		1		
		70°C		0.9		
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,      See Figure 1	0°C		125		kHz
		25°C		110		
		70°C		90		
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , See Figure 3 $f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,	0°C		40°		
		25°C		38°		
		70°C		34°		



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B**  
**TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y**  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC25M4C TLC25M4AC TLC25M4BC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	TLC25M4C	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	25°C	1.1	10	mV
					Full range		12	
		TLC25M4AC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	25°C	0.9	5	
					Full range		6.5	
		TLC25M4BC	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	25°C	0.25	2	
					Full range		3	
°V <sub>IO</sub>	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C	1.7		μV/°C	
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V	25°C	0.1	60	pA	
				70°C	7	300		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current (see Note 4)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V	25°C	0.6	60	pA	
				70°C	40	600		
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	−0.2 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2	V	
				Full range	−0.2 to 3.5		V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 100 mV,	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	0°C	3	3.9	V	
				25°C	3.2	3.9		
				70°C	3	4		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = −100 mV,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0	0°C	0	50	mV	
				25°C	0	50		
				70°C	0	50		
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.25 V to 2 V,	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	0°C	15	200	V/mV	
				25°C	25	170		
				70°C	15	140		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>ICRmin</sub>		0°C	60	91	dB	
				25°C	65	91		
				70°C	60	92		
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V to 10 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.4 V	0°C	60	92	dB	
				25°C	70	93		
				70°C	60	94		
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, No load	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V,	0°C	500	1280	μA	
				25°C	420	1120		
				70°C	340	880		

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC25M4C TLC25M4AC TLC25M4BC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage	TLC25M4C	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , $V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		1.1	10	mV
				Full range			12	
		TLC25M4AC	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , $V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.9	5	
				Full range			6.5	
		TLC25M4BC	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , $V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.26	2	
				Full range			3	
$\alpha_{VIO}$	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		2.1		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{IO}$	Input offset current (see Note 4)	$V_O = 5\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = 5\text{ V}$		25°C		0.1	60	pA
				70°C		7	300	
$I_{IB}$	Input bias current (see Note 4)	$V_O = 5\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = 5\text{ V}$		25°C		0.7	60	pA
				70°C		50	600	
$V_{ICR}$	Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	-0.2 to 9	-0.3 to 9.2		V
				Full range	-0.2 to 8.5			V
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 100\text{ mV}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$		0°C		7.8	8.7	V
				25°C		8	8.7	
				70°C		7.8	8.7	
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -100\text{ mV}$ , $I_{OL} = 0$		0°C		0	50	mV
				25°C		0	50	
				70°C		0	50	
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = 1\text{ V to }6\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$		0°C		15	320	V/mV
				25°C		25	275	
				70°C		15	230	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$		0°C		60	94	dB
				25°C		65	94	
				70°C		60	94	
$k_{SVR}$	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V to }10\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$		0°C		60	92	dB
				25°C		70	93	
				70°C		60	94	
$I_{DD}$	Supply current (four amplifiers)	$V_O = 5\text{ V}$ , No load $V_{IC} = 5\text{ V}$		0°C		690	1600	$\mu\text{A}$
				25°C		570	1200	
				70°C		440	1120	

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A$	TLC25M4C TLC25M4AC TLC25M4BC			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR      Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	0°C		0.46		V/ $\mu$ s
			25°C		0.43		V/ $\mu$ s
			70°C		0.36		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 2.5\text{ V}$	0°C		0.43		V/ $\mu$ s
			25°C		0.40		
			70°C		0.34		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$ ,      See Figure 2		25°C		32		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ ,		0°C		60		kHz
			25°C		55		
			70°C		50		
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,      See Figure 1		0°C		610		kHz
			25°C		525		
			70°C		400		
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , See Figure 3 $f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,		0°C		41°		
			25°C		40°		
			70°C		39°		

**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A$	TLC25M4C TLC25M4AC TLC25M4BC			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR      Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_{I(PP)} = 1\text{ V}$	0°C		0.67		V/ $\mu$ s
			25°C		0.62		
			70°C		0.51		
		$V_{I(PP)} = 5.5\text{ V}$	0°C		0.61		
			25°C		0.56		
			70°C		0.46		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$ ,      See Figure 2		25°C		32		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , See Figure 1 $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ ,		0°C		40		kHz
			25°C		35		
			70°C		30		
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,      See Figure 1		0°C		710		kHz
			25°C		635		
			70°C		510		
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , See Figure 3 $f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ ,		0°C		44°		
			25°C		43°		
			70°C		42°		



**TLC254, TLC254A, TLC254B, TLC254Y, TLC25L4, TLC25L4A, TLC25L4B  
TLC25L4Y, TLC25M4, TLC25M4A, TLC25M4B, TLC25M4Y  
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**electrical characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLC254Y			TLC25L4Y			TLC25M4Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = 0\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , See Note 6		1.1	10		1.1	10		1.1	10	mV
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			1.8			1.1			1.7		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current (see Note 4)	$V_O = V_{DD}/2$ , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$		0.1	60		0.1	60		0.1	60	pA
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current (see Note 4)	$V_O = V_{DD}/2$ , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$		0.6	60		0.6	60		0.6	60	pA
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)		–0.2 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		–0.2 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		–0.2 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		V
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 100\text{ mV}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	3.2	3.8		3.2	4.1		3.2	3.9		V
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -100\text{ mV}$ , $I_{OL} = 0$		0	50		0	50		0	50	mV
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = 0.25\text{ V}$ , See Note 6	5	23		50	520		25	170		V/mV
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$	65	80		65	94		65	91		dB
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V to }10\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$	65	95		70	97		70	93		dB
$I_{DD}$ Supply current	$V_O = V_{DD}/2$ , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , No load		2.7	6.4		0.04	0.068		0.42	1.12	mA

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.

6. For low-bias mode,  $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , for medium-bias mode,  $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ , and for high-bias mode,  $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ .

**operating characteristics,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		TLC254Y			TLC25L4Y			TLC25M4Y			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , See Note 6	$V_I(PP) = 1\text{ V}$		3.6			0.03			0.43		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
		$V_I(PP) = 2.5\text{ V}$		2.9			0.03			0.40		
$V_n$ Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $R_S = 20\ \Omega$			2.5			70			32		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$B_{OM}$ Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$ , $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$C_L = 20\text{ pF}$		320			5			55		kHz
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$			1.7			0.085			0.525		MHz
$\phi_m$ Phase margin	$f = B_1$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$		46°			34°			40°		

NOTE 6: For low-bias mode,  $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , for medium-bias mode,  $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ , and for high-bias mode,  $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ .



## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

### single-supply versus split-supply test circuits

Because the TLC25\_4, TLC25\_4A, and TLC25\_4B are optimized for single-supply operation, circuit configurations used for the various tests often present some inconvenience since the input signal, in many cases, must be offset from ground. This inconvenience can be avoided by testing the device with split supplies and the output load tied to the negative rail. A comparison of single-supply versus split-supply test circuits is shown below. The use of either circuit gives the same result.

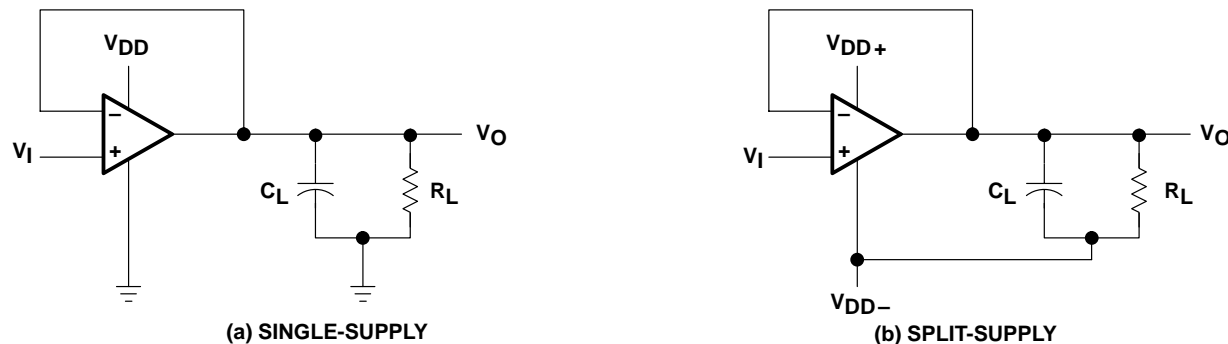


Figure 1. Unity-Gain Amplifier

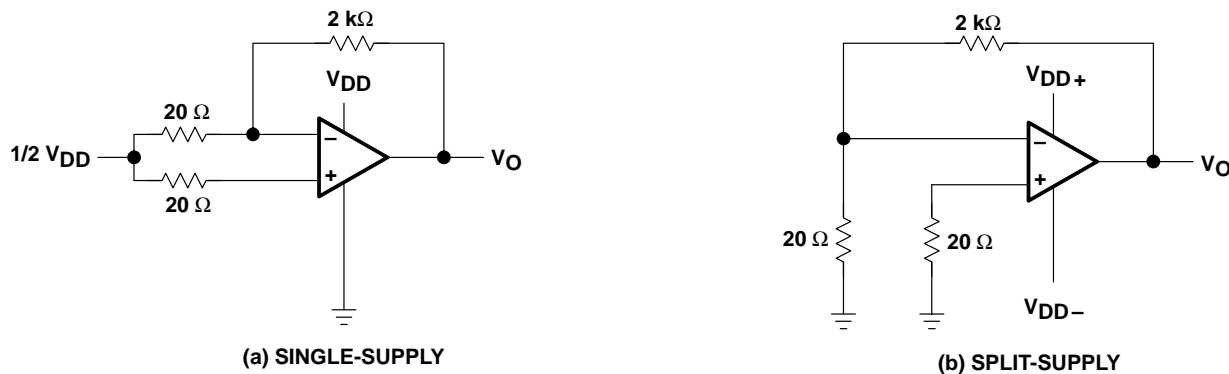


Figure 2. Noise-Test Circuit

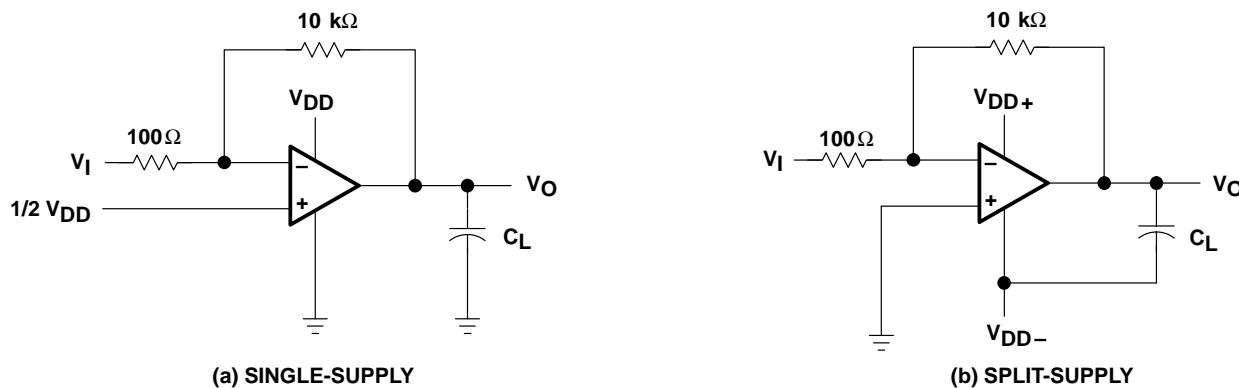


Figure 3. Gain-of-100 Inverting Amplifier



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
$I_{DD}$	Supply current	vs Supply voltage	4
		vs Free-air temperature	5
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	Low bias vs Frequency	6
		Medium bias vs Frequency	7
		High bias vs Frequency	8
	Phase shift	Low bias vs Frequency	6
		Medium bias vs Frequency	7
		High bias vs Frequency	8

SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs  
SUPPLY VOLTAGE

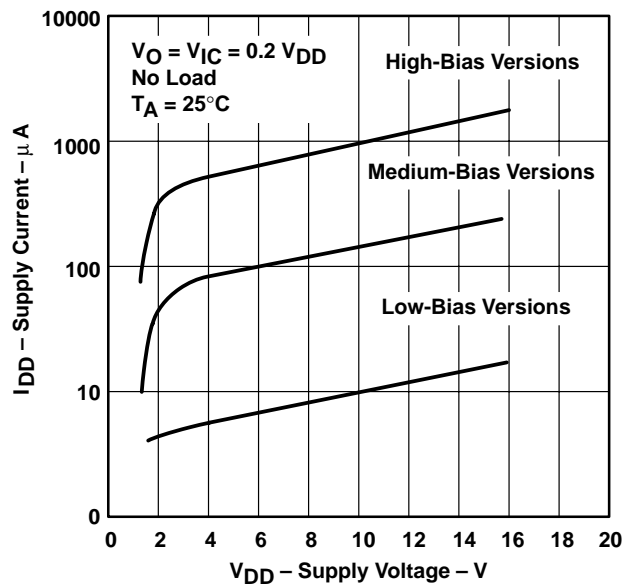


Figure 4

SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs  
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

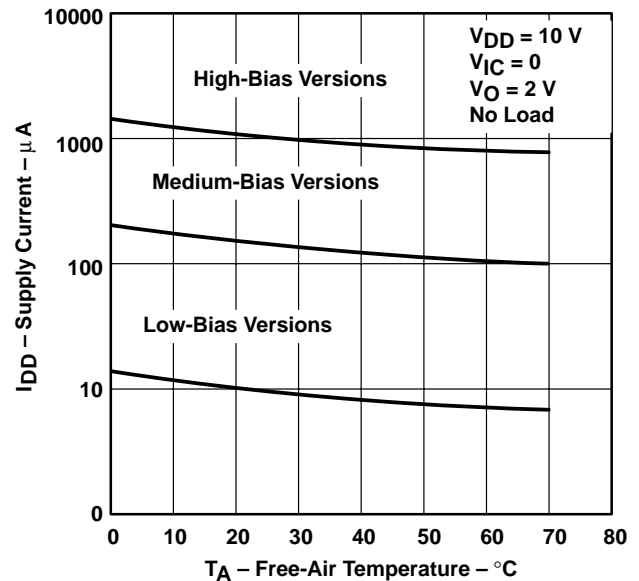


Figure 5

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### LOW-BIAS LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT

VS  
FREQUENCY

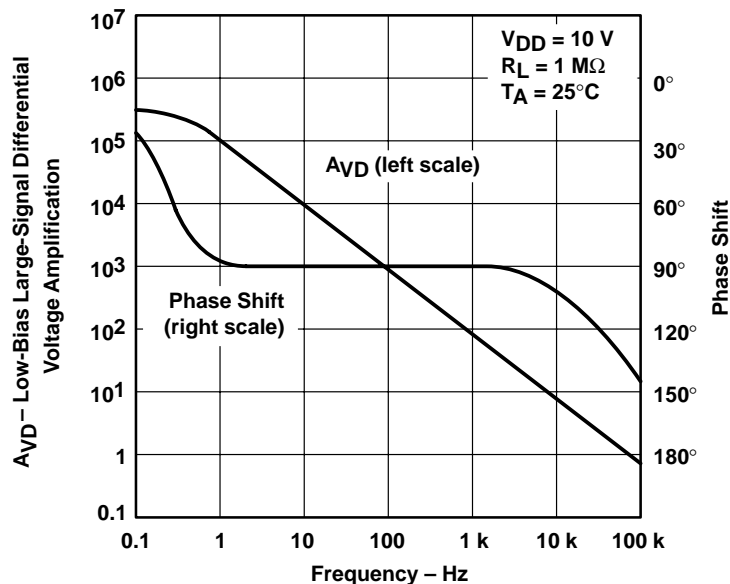


Figure 6

### MEDIUM-BIAS LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT

VS  
FREQUENCY

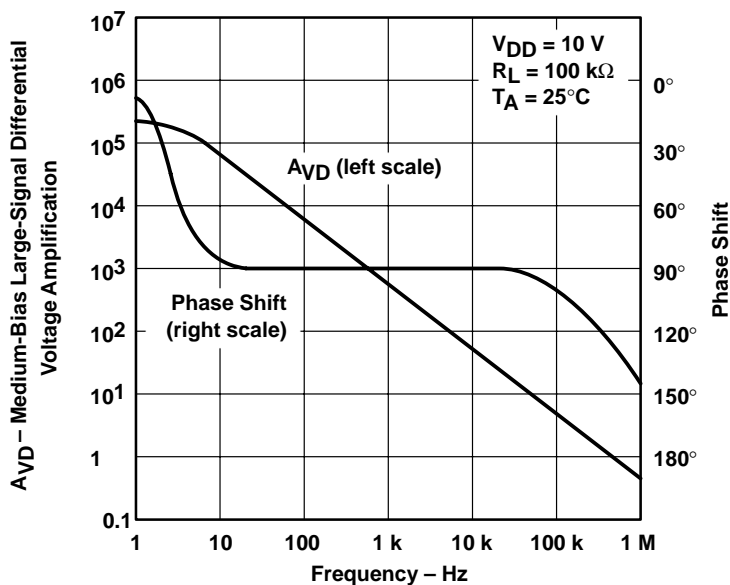


Figure 7

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### HIGH-BIAS LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT

VS  
FREQUENCY

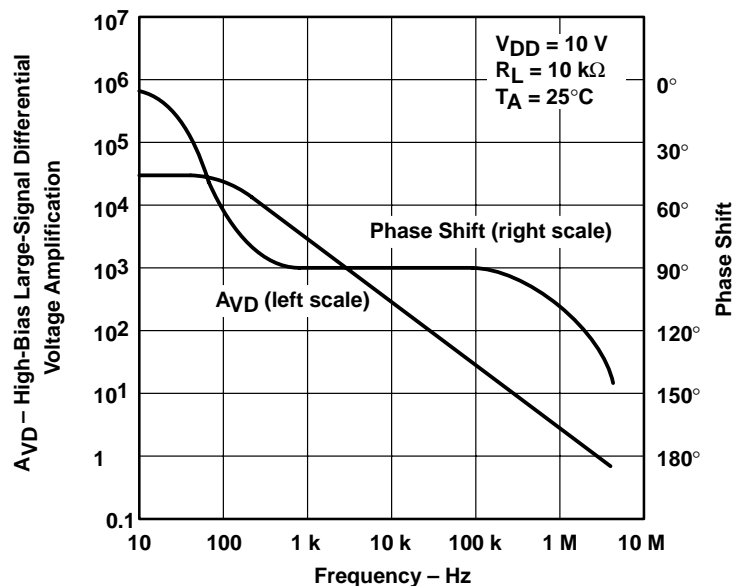


Figure 8

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

### **latch-up avoidance**

Junction-isolated CMOS circuits have an inherent parasitic PNPN structure that can function as an SCR. Under certain conditions, this SCR may be triggered into a low-impedance state, resulting in excessive supply current. To avoid such conditions, no voltage greater than 0.3 V beyond the supply rails should be applied to any pin. In general, the operational amplifiers supplies should be established simultaneously with, or before, application of any input signals.

### **output stage considerations**

The amplifier's output stage consists of a source-follower-connected pullup transistor and an open-drain pulldown transistor. The high-level output voltage ( $V_{OH}$ ) is virtually independent of the  $I_{DD}$  selection and increases with higher values of  $V_{DD}$  and reduced output loading. The low-level output voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) decreases with reduced output current and higher input common-mode voltage. With no load,  $V_{OL}$  is essentially equal to the potential of  $V_{DD-}/GND$ .

### **supply configurations**

Even though the TLC25\_4C series is characterized for single-supply operation, they can be used effectively in a split-supply configuration if the input common-mode voltage ( $V_{ICR}$ ), output swing ( $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$ ), and supply voltage limits are not exceeded.

### **circuit layout precautions**

Whenever extremely high circuit impedances are used, care must be exercised in layout, construction, board cleanliness, and supply filtering to avoid hum and noise pickup as well as excessive dc leakages.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>	Samples (Requires Login)
TLC254ACD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC254ACDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC254ACN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC254ACNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC254BCD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC254BCDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC254BCN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC254BCNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC254CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC254CDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC254CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC254CNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25L4ACN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25L4ACNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25L4BCD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC25L4BCDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC25L4BCN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25L4BCNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25L4CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC25L4CDB	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	
TLC25L4CDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC25L4CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>	Samples (Requires Login)
TLC25L4CNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25M4ACDR	PREVIEW	SOIC	D	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	
TLC25M4ACN	OBSOLETE	PDIP	N	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	
TLC25M4BCD	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	
TLC25M4BCN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25M4BCNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25M4CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC25M4CDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
TLC25M4CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	
TLC25M4CNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

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**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

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**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.



## DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

28 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.  
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

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